G1000H Integrated Flight Deck

Cockpit Reference Guide for the AgustaWestland AW119Kx

GARMIN

FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS
ENGINE INDICATION SYSTEM
COM/NAV/TRANSPONDER
GPS NAVIGATION
FLIGHT PLANNING
PROCEDURES
HAZARD AVOIDANCE
ADDITIONAL FEATURES
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This manual reflects the operation of System Software 1705.00 or later for the AgustaWestland AW119Kx. Some differences in operation may be observed when comparing the information in this manual to earlier or later software versions.

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WARNING: *Navigation and terrain separation must NOT be predicated upon the use of the terrain avoidance feature. The terrain avoidance feature is NOT intended to be used as a primary reference for terrain avoidance and does not relieve the pilot from the responsibility of being aware of surroundings during flight. The terrain avoidance feature is only to be used as an aid for terrain avoidance. Terrain data is obtained from third party sources. Garmin is not able to independently verify the accuracy of the terrain data.*

WARNING: *The displayed minimum safe altitudes (MSAs) are only advisory in nature and should not be relied upon as the sole source of obstacle and terrain avoidance information. Always refer to current aeronautical charts for appropriate minimum clearance altitudes.*

WARNING: *The altitude calculated by G1000H GPS receivers is geometric height above Mean Sea Level and could vary significantly from the altitude displayed by pressure altimeters, such as the GDC 74H Air Data Computer, or other altimeters in the aircraft. GPS altitude should never be used for vertical navigation. Always use pressure altitude displayed by the G1000H PFD or other pressure altimeters in aircraft.*

WARNING: *Do not use outdated database information. Databases used in the G1000H system must be updated regularly in order to ensure that the information remains current. Pilots using any outdated database do so entirely at their own risk.*

WARNING: *Do not use basemap (land and water data) information for primary navigation. Basemap data is intended only to supplement other approved navigation data sources and should be considered as an aid to enhance situational awareness.*

WARNING: *Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for collision avoidance maneuvering. The traffic display does not provide collision avoidance resolution advisories and does not under any circumstances or conditions relieve the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft.*

WARNING: *Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information to accurately depict all of the traffic within range of the aircraft. Due to lack of equipment, poor signal reception, and/or inaccurate information from aircraft or ground stations, traffic may be present that is not represented on the display.*

WARNING: *Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.*

WARNING: *Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.*

WARNING: *The Garmin G1000H, as installed in the AgustaWestland AW119 rotorcraft, has a very high degree of functional integrity. However, the pilot must recognize that providing monitoring and/or self-test capability for all conceivable system failures is not practical. Although unlikely, it may be possible for erroneous operation to occur without a fault indication shown by the G1000H. It is thus the responsibility of the pilot to detect such an occurrence by means of cross-checking with all redundant or correlated information available in the cockpit.*

WARNING: *For safety reasons, G1000H operational procedures must be learned on the ground.*

WARNING: *The United States government operates the Global Positioning System and is solely responsible for its accuracy and maintenance. The GPS system is subject to changes which could affect the accuracy and performance of all GPS equipment. Portions of the Garmin G1000H utilize GPS as a precision electronic NAVigation AID (NAVAID). Therefore, as with all NAVAIDs, information presented by the G1000H can be misused or misinterpreted and, therefore, become unsafe.*

WARNING: *To reduce the risk of unsafe operation, carefully review and understand all aspects of the G1000H Pilot's Guide documentation and the AgustaWestland AW119 Rotorcraft Flight Manual (RFM). Thoroughly practice basic operation prior to actual use. During flight operations, carefully compare indications from the G1000H to all available navigation sources, including the information from other NAVAIDs, visual sightings, charts, etc. For safety purposes, always resolve any discrepancies before continuing navigation.*

WARNING: *The illustrations in this guide are only examples. Never use the G1000H to attempt to penetrate a thunderstorm. Both the FAA Advisory Circular, Subject: Thunderstorms, and the Aeronautical Information Manual (AIM) recommend avoiding "by at least 20 miles any thunderstorm identified as severe or giving an intense radar echo."*

WARNING: *Lamp(s) inside this product may contain mercury (HG) and must be recycled or disposed of according to local, state, or federal laws. For more information, refer to our website at www.garmin.com/aboutGarmin/environment/disposal.jsp.*

WARNING: *Because of variation in the earth's magnetic field, operating the system within the following areas could result in loss of reliable attitude and heading indications. North of 72° North latitude at all longitudes. South of 70° South latitude at all longitudes. North of 65° North latitude between longitude 75° W and 120° W. (Northern Canada). North of 70° North latitude between longitude 70° W and 128° W. (Northern Canada). North of 70° North latitude between longitude 85° E and 114° E. (Northern Russia). South of 55° South latitude between longitude 120° E and 165° E. (Region south of Australia and New Zealand).*

WARNING: *Do not use GPS to navigate to any active waypoint identified as a 'NON WGS84 WPT' by a system message. 'NON WGS84 WPT' waypoints are derived from an unknown map reference datum that may be incompatible with the map reference datum used by GPS (known as WGS84) and may be positioned in error as displayed.*

CAUTION: *The PFD and MFD displays use a lens coated with a special anti-reflective coating that is very sensitive to skin oils, waxes, and abrasive cleaners. CLEANERS CONTAINING AMMONIA WILL HARM THE ANTI-REFLECTIVE COATING. It is very important to clean the lens using a clean, lint-free cloth and an eyeglass lens cleaner that is specified as safe for anti-reflective coatings.*

CAUTION: *The Garmin G1000H does not contain any user-serviceable parts. Repairs should only be made by an authorized Garmin service center. Unauthorized repairs or modifications could void both the warranty and the pilot's authority to operate this device under FAA/FCC regulations.*

NOTE: *All visual depictions contained within this document, including screen images of the G1000H panel and displays, are subject to change and may not reflect the most current G1000H system and aviation databases. Depictions of equipment may differ slightly from the actual equipment.*

NOTE: *This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.*

NOTE: *The data contained in the terrain and obstacle databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data, but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.*

NOTE: *Do not rely solely upon data link services to provide Temporary Flight Restriction (TFR) information. Always confirm TFR information through official sources such as Flight Service Stations or Air Traffic Control.*

NOTE: *This product, its packaging, and its components contain chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or reproductive harm. This notice is being provided in accordance with California's Proposition 65. If you have any questions or would like additional information, please refer to our web site at www.garmin.com/prop65.*

NOTE: *Interference from GPS repeaters operating inside nearby hangars can cause an intermittent loss of attitude and heading displays while the aircraft is on the ground. Moving the aircraft more than 100 yards away from the source of the interference should alleviate the condition.*

NOTE: *Use of polarized eyewear may cause the flight displays to appear dim or blank.*

NOTE: *The purpose of this Cockpit Reference Guide is to provide the pilot a resource with which to find operating instructions on the major features of the G1000H system more easily. It is not intended to be a comprehensive operating guide. Complete operating procedures for the system are found in the G1000H Pilot's Guide for this aircraft.*

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Part Number	Change Summary
190-01515-00	Initial Release

Revision	Date of Revision	Affected Pages	Description
A	March, 2013	All	Initial Release
B	March, 2013	All	Updated CAS messages Clerical corrections

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FLIGHT INSTRUMENTS

SELECTING THE ALTIMETER BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SETTING

Turn the **BARO** Knob to select the desired setting.

SELECTING STANDARD BAROMETRIC PRESSURE (29.92 IN HG)

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **STD BARO** Softkey to set standard barometric pressure.

CHANGE ALTIMETER BAROMETRIC PRESSURE SETTING UNITS

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey to display the second-level softkeys.
2) Press the **ALT UNIT** Softkey.
3) Press the **IN** Softkey to display the barometric pressure setting in inches of mercury (in Hg).

   Or:

   Press the **HPA** Softkey to display the barometric pressure setting in hectopascals.
4) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the top-level softkeys.

CHANGE NAVIGATION SOURCES

1) Press the **CDI** Softkey to change from GPS to VOR1 or LOC1. This places the light blue tuning box over the NAV1 standby frequency in the upper left corner of the PFD.
2) Press the **CDI** Softkey again to change from VOR1 or LOC1 to VOR2 or LOC2. This places the light blue tuning box over the NAV2 standby frequency.
3) Press the **CDI** Softkey a third time to return to GPS.

ENABLE/DISABLE OBS MODE WHILE NAVIGATING WITH GPS

1) Press the **OBS** Softkey to select OBS Mode.
2) Turn a **CRS** Knob to select the desired course to/from the waypoint. Press a **CRS** Knob to synchronize the Selected Course with the bearing to the next waypoint.
3) Press the **OBS** Softkey again to disable OBS Mode.

GENERIC TIMER

1) Press the **TMR/REF** Softkey, then turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the time field (hh/mm/ss). Turn the **FMS** Knobs to set the desired time, then press the **ENT** Key. The UP/DOWN field is now highlighted.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the UP/DOWN window. Turn the **FMS** Knob to select 'UP' or 'DOWN', then press the **ENT** Key. 'START?' is now highlighted.
3) Press the **ENT** Key to START, STOP, or RESET the timer (if the timer is counting DOWN, it starts counting UP after reaching zero). Press the **CLR** Key or the **TMR/REF** Softkey to remove the window.

SET BAROMETRIC/RADAR ALTIMETER (OPTIONAL) MINIMUM DESCENT ALTITUDE

1) Press the **TMR/REF** Softkey.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the Minimums field.
3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the barometric (BARO), TEMP COMP baro or radar altimeter (RAD ALT) altitude source. OFF is selected by default. Press the **ENT** Key or turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the next field.
4) Use the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired altitude (BARO or TEMP COMP from zero to 16,000 feet, RAD ALT from zero to 2,500 feet). If TEMP COMP was selected, a field for entering the airport temperature and altitude will appear. Press the **ENT** Key or turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight this field, and use the small **FMS** Knob to enter the temperature.
5) To remove the window, press the **CLR** Key or press the **TMR/REF** Softkey.

DISPLAYING WIND DATA

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **WIND** Softkey to display wind data to the left of the HSI.
3) Press one of the **OPTN** softkeys to change how wind data is displayed.
4) To remove the Wind Data Window, press the **OFF** Softkey.

CHANGING HSI FORMAT

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **HSI FRMT** Softkey.
3) Press the **360 HSI** Softkey to display the full size HSI.

   Or:

   Press the **ARC HSI** Softkey to display the arc style HSI.

ENABLE HEADING PRESET MODE

1) Press the **SET HDG** Softkey on the PFD. The system is in Heading Preset Mode (HPM) as indicated by displaying 'SET' to the left of the heading value.
2) Press the **HDG +** and/or **HDG -** Softkeys to slew the heading value to the desired setting.

   Or:

   Set the Selected Heading Bug to the desired heading value, then press the **HDG SYNC** Softkey.

DISABLE HEADING PRESET MODE

Press the **HPM OFF** Softkey on the PFD to manually disable Heading Preset Mode.

Or:

Heading Preset Mode automatically disables after eight minutes.

If there is more than 10° difference between the Heading Preset value and the magnetic heading when Heading Preset Mode is disabled, the heading value is displayed in yellow and 'ALN' will be displayed to the left of the heading. When the magnetic heading has properly aligned, the heading value will be displayed in white and 'ALN' will no longer be displayed.

ENGINE INDICATION SYSTEM

NOTE: *Refer to the Rotorcraft Flight Manual (RFM) for limitations.*

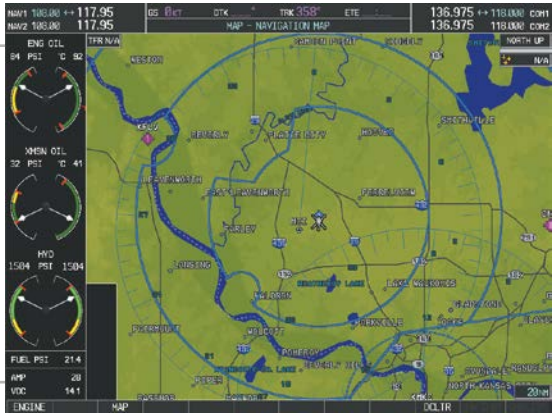
The G1000H Engine Indication System (EIS) displays critical engine, electrical, fuel, and other system parameters on the left side of the Primary Flight Display (PFD) and Multi Function Display (MFD) during normal operations (Figure 3-1). EIS information can be fully expanded to an entire page (EIS - Engine Page) using the **ENGINE** Softkey on the MFD or using the START/AUTOROT pushbutton on the Cyclic.

PFD

EIS Strip

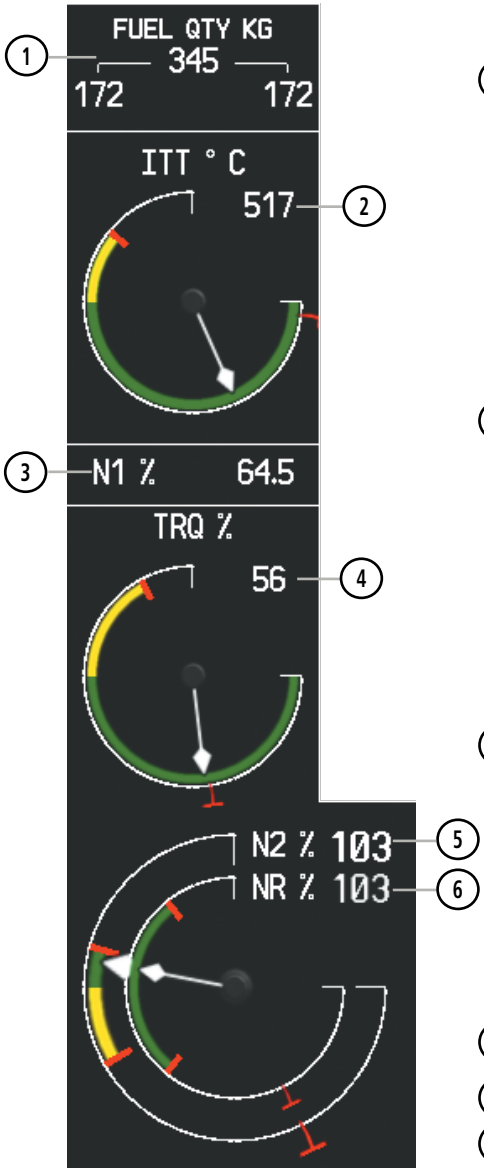
MFD

EIS Strip

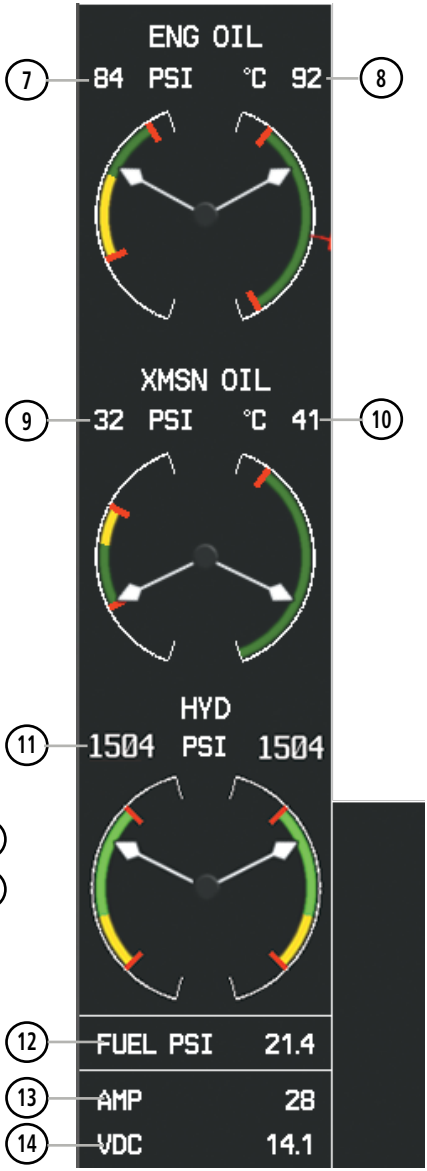


EIS (Normal)

1	**Fuel Quantity Indicator (FUEL QTY KG)**	Displays the quantity of fuel in each fuel tank as well as the total fuel.
2	**Inter Turbine Temperature (ITT)**	Displays the current Inter Turbine Air Temperature (˚ Celsius).
3	**Gas Generator Speed (N1)**	Displays a digital readout of the Gas Generator Compressor Speed as a percentage.
4	**Torque (TRQ)**	Displays current fuel engine Torque as a percentage.
5	**Power Turbine Speed (N2)**	Displays current Power Turbine Speed as a percentage on a round dial, a digital readout is shown to the side.
6	**Rotor Speed (NR)**	Displays Rotor Speed as a percentage, a digital readout is shown to the side.
7	**Oil Pressure Indicator (ENG OIL PSI)**	Displays the oil pressure supplied to the engine in pounds per square inch
8	**Oil Temperature Indicator (ENG OIL ºC)**	Displays engine oil temperature (˚ Celsius).
9	**Transmission Oil Pressure (XMSN OIL PSI)**	Display the pressure of oil supplied to the transmission in pounds per square inch.
10	**Transmission Oil Temperature (XMSN OIL ºC)**	Displays the transmission oil temperature (˚ Celsius).
11	**Hydraulic Pressure (HYD PSI)**	Displays the current Hydraulic Pressure for both hydraulic systems (1 and 2) in pounds per square inch.
12	**Fuel PSI**	Displays the current Fuel Pressure in pounds per square inch
13	**Generator Ammeter (AMP)**	Displays the generator load in amperes
14	**Generator Voltmeter (VDC)**	Displays the generator voltage.



EIS Display (PFD)



EIS Display (MFD)

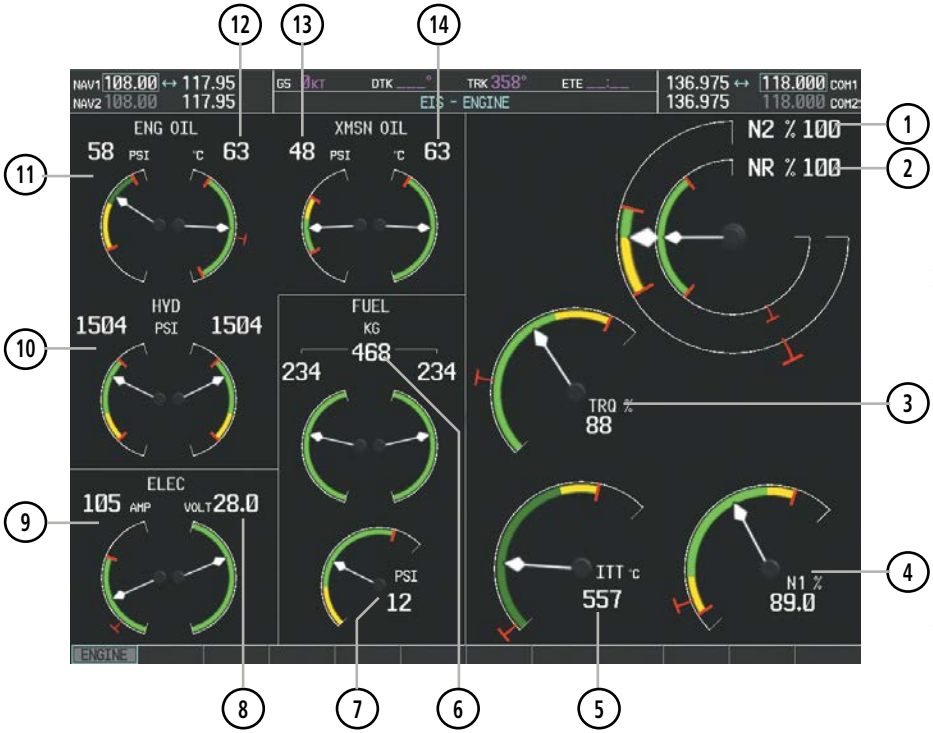
ENGINE PAGE

Pressing the **ENGINE** Softkey or the START/AUTOROT pushbutton on the Cyclic, displays the EIS - ENGINE Page which provides a full screen view of all engine instruments. The EIS-Engine Page is automatically displayed when N1 < 51%.

Engine Parameters		
1	**Power Turbine Speed (N2)**	Displays current Power Turbine Speed as a percentage on a round dial, a digital readout is shown to the side.
2	**Rotor Speed (NR)**	Displays Rotor Speed as a percentage, a digital readout is shown to the side.
3	**Torque (TRQ)**	Displays current fuel engine Torque as a percentage.
4	**Gas Generator Speed (N1)**	Displays a digital readout of the Gas Generator Compressor Speed as a percentage.
5	**Inter Turbine Temperature (ITT)**	Displays the current Inter Turbine Air Temperature (˚ Celsius).
Fuel System		
6	**Fuel Quantity Indicator (FUEL QTY KG)**	Displays the quantity of fuel in each fuel tank as well as the total fuel in KG.
7	**Fuel PSI**	Displays the current Fuel Pressure in pounds per square inch
Electrical System		
8	**Generator Voltmeter (VOLT)**	Displays the primary generator voltage.
9	**Generator Ammeter (AMP)**	Displays the generator load in amperes
Hydraulic System		
10	**Hydraulic Pressure (HYD PSI)**	Displays the current Hydraulic Pressure for both hydraulic systems in pounds per square inch.

Engine/Transmission Oil

(11)	**Oil Pressure Indicator (ENG OIL PSI)**	Displays the oil pressure supplied to the engine in pounds per square inch
(12)	**Oil Temperature Indicator (ENG OIL °C)**	Displays engine oil temperature (° Celsius).
(13)	**Transmission Oil Pressure (XMSN OIL PSI)**	Display the pressure of oil supplied to the transmission in pounds per square inch.
(14)	**Transmission Oil Temperature (XMSN OIL °C)**	Displays the transmission oil temperature (° Celsius).



Engine Page Display (MFD)

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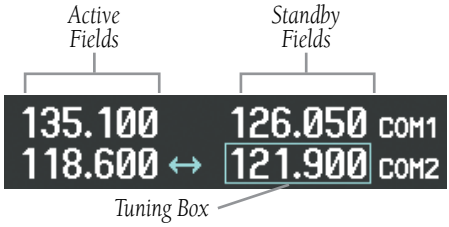
COM/NAV/TRANSPONDER

COM/NAV TUNING

1) Press the small tuning knob to select the desired radio for tuning. A light blue box highlights the radio frequency to be tuned.
2) Turn the respective tuning knobs to enter the desired frequency into the standby frequency field. The large knob enters MHz and the small knob enters kHz.
3) Press the **Frequency Transfer** Key to place the frequency into the active frequency field.



Selecting a COM Radio for Transmit

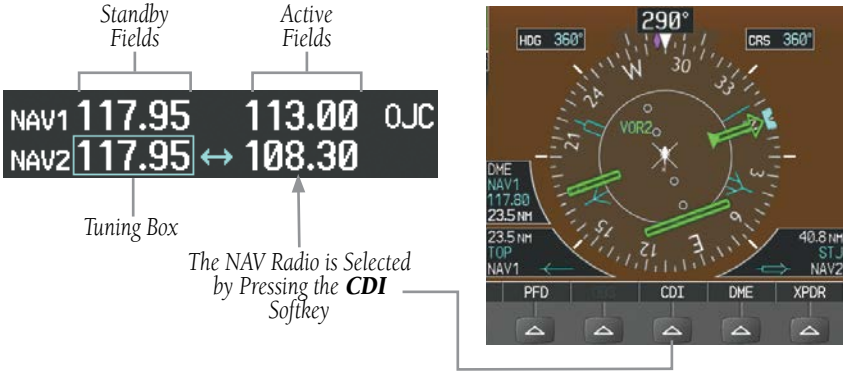
SELECTING A NAV RADIO

A NAV radio is selected for navigation by pressing the **CDI** Softkey located on the PFD. Pressing the **CDI** Softkey once selects NAV1 as the navigation radio. Pressing the **CDI** Softkey a second time selects NAV2 as the navigation radio. Pressing the **CDI** Softkey a third time activates GPS mode. Pressing the **CDI** Softkey again cycles back to NAV1.

While cycling through the **CDI** Softkey selections, the NAV Tuning Box and the Frequency Transfer Arrow are placed in the active NAV Frequency Field.

The three navigation modes that can be cycled through are:

- VOR1 (or LOC1) – If NAV1 is selected, a green single line arrow (not shown) labeled either VOR1 or LOC1 is displayed on the HSI.
- VOR2 (or LOC2) – If NAV2 is selected, a green double line arrow (shown) labeled either VOR2 or LOC2 is displayed on the HSI.
- GPS – If GPS Mode is selected, a magenta single line arrow (not shown) appears on the HSI and neither NAV radio is selected.



Selecting a NAV Radio for Navigation

NAV radios are selected for listening by switching the corresponding knob on the remote Audio Panel to the "IN" position and by pressing the NAV VOL/ID Knob on the PFD or MFD.

ENTER A TRANSPONDER CODE

1) Press the **XPDR** Softkey to display the transponder mode selection softkeys.
2) Press the **CODE** Softkey to display the transponder code selection softkeys, for digit entry.
3) Press the digit softkeys to enter the code in the code field. When entering the code, the next key in sequence must be pressed within 10 seconds, or the entry is cancelled and restored to the previous code. Five seconds after the fourth digit has been entered, the transponder code becomes active.

GPS NAVIGATION

DIRECT-TO NAVIGATION

Direct-to Navigation from the MFD

1) Press the **Direct-to** () Key.
2) Enter the waypoint identifier.
3) Press the **ENT** Key to confirm the identifier. The 'Activate?' field is highlighted.
4) If no altitude constraint or course is desired, press the **ENT** Key to activate. To enter an altitude constraint, proceed to step 5.
5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor over the 'VNV' altitude field.
6) Enter the desired altitude.
7) Press the **ENT** Key. If the waypoint entered is an airport, the option to select MSL or AGL is now displayed. If the waypoint is not an airport, proceed to step 9.
8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'MSL' or 'AGL'.
9) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is now flashing in the VNV offset distance field.
10) Enter the desired offset distance before (-) the waypoint.
11) Press the **ENT** Key. The 'Activate?' field is highlighted.
12) Press the **ENT** Key to activate.

Direct-to Navigation from the PFD

1) Press the **Direct-to** Key ().
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor in the desired selection field.
3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to begin selecting the desired identifier, location, etc.
4) Press the **ENT** Key.
5) The cursor is now flashing on 'ACTIVATE?'. If no altitude constraint or course is desired, press the **ENT** Key to activate. To enter an altitude constraint, proceed to step 6.
6) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor over the 'ALT' altitude field.

7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired altitude.
8) Press the **ENT** Key. If the waypoint entered is an airport, the option to select MSL or AGL is now displayed. If the waypoint is not an airport, proceed to step 10.
9) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'MSL' or 'AGL'.
10) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is placed in the OFFSET distance field.
11) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired target altitude offset from the selected Direct-to.
12) Press the **ENT** Key to highlight 'Activate?' or turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'CRS' field.
13) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the desired course to the waypoint.
14) Press the **ENT** Key to highlight 'ACTIVATE?'.
15) Press the **ENT** again to activate the Direct-to.

ACTIVATE A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD and turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan
4) Press the **ACTIVE** Softkey. The confirmation window is now displayed.
5) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to activate the flight plan. To cancel the flight plan activation, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

ACTIVATE A FLIGHT PLAN LEG

1) From the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor and turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint.
2) Press the **ACT LEG** Softkey on the MFD.

   OR
3) Press the **MENU** Key, select the 'Activate Leg' option from the page menu and press the **ENT** Key. This step must be used when activating a leg from the PFD.
4) With 'Activate' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

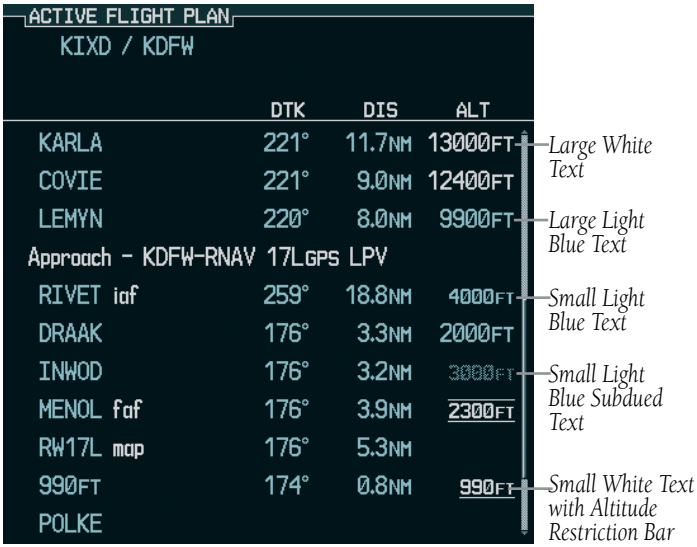
STOP NAVIGATING A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page.
2) Press the **MENU** Key to display the Page Menu Window.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Delete Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** Key. With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to deactivate the flight plan. This does not delete the stored flight plan, only the active flight plan.

VERTICAL NAVIGATION (VNAV)

The navigation database only contains altitudes for procedures that call for "Cross at" altitudes. If the procedure states "Expect to cross at," the altitude is not in the database. In this case the altitude may be entered manually.

NOTE: *Temperature Compensated (TEMP COMP) altitudes are depicted as slanted text.*



Cross AT or ABOVE 5,000 ft

Cross AT 2,300 ft

Cross AT or BELOW 3,000 ft

Altitudes associated with approach procedures are "auto-designated". This means the system automatically uses the altitudes loaded with the approach for giving vertical flight path guidance outside the FAF. Note these altitudes are displayed as small light blue text.

Altitudes associated with arrival procedures are "manually-designated". This means the system does not use the altitudes loaded with the arrival for giving vertical flight path guidance until designated to do so by the pilot. Note that these altitudes are initially displayed as white text. These altitudes may be "designated" by placing the cursor over the desired altitude and pressing the **ENT** Key. After designation, the text changes to light blue.

Altitudes that have been designated for use in vertical navigation may also be made "non-designated" by placing the cursor over the desired altitude and pressing the **CLR** Key. The altitude is now displayed only as a reference. It will not be used to give vertical flight path guidance. Other displayed altitudes may change due to re-calculations or rendered invalid as a result of manually changing an altitude to a non-designated altitude.

	White Text	Light Blue Text	Light Blue Subdued Text
Large Text	Altitude calculated by the system estimating the altitude of the aircraft as it passes over the navigation point. This altitude is provided as a reference and is not designated to be used in determining vertical flight path guidance.	Altitude has been entered by the pilot. Altitude is designated for use in giving vertical flight path guidance. Altitude does not match the published altitude in navigation database or no published altitude exists.	The system cannot use this altitude in determining vertical flight path guidance.
Small Text	Altitude is not designated to be used in determining vertical flight path guidance. Altitude has been retrieved from the navigation database and is provided as a reference.	Altitude is designated for use in giving vertical flight path guidance. Altitude has been retrieved from the navigation database or has been entered by the pilot and matches a published altitude in the navigation database.	The system cannot use this altitude in determining vertical flight path guidance.

NOTE: *Making course changes greater than 90° during a descent with vertical guidance may cause excessive and rapid movement of the vertical deviation indicator, and SVS Pathways.*

The system updates vertical path guidance continuously using ground speed and the calculated distance to the Bottom of Descent (BOD). Due to turn anticipation guidance (turn-smoothing), distance to the BOD can be affected by course changes greater than approximately 5 degrees. Ground speed can be affected by factors such as shifts in wind direction, aircraft power management, pitch angle, and course changes. Abrupt and/or substantial changes to either the distance to the BOD, ground speed, or both can cause similarly abrupt/substantial changes in vertical path guidance.

Because of turn-smoothing, changes to both distance to the BOD and ground speed tend to be more extreme when the BOD is also a waypoint that marks a large course change. These speed and distance changes will be accounted for in the computed required vertical path and reflected in the vertical guidance indications.

Blank Page

FLIGHT PLANNING

TRIP PLANNING

All procedures apply to the MFD unless otherwise stated.

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the 'AUX' page group.

2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Trip Planning Page.

3) The current 'PAGE MODE' is displayed at the top of the page: 'AUTOMATIC' or 'MANUAL'. To change the page mode, press the **AUTO** or **MANUAL** Softkey.

4) For Direct-to planning:

a) Press the **WPTS** Softkey and verify that the starting waypoint field indicates 'P.POS' (present position).

b) If necessary, press the **MENU** Key and select 'Set WPT to Present Position' to display 'P.POS'.

c) Press the **ENT** Key and the flashing cursor moves to the ending waypoint field.

d) Enter the identifier of the ending waypoint and press the **ENT** Key to accept the waypoint.

Or:

For point-to-point planning:

a) Enter the identifier of the starting waypoint.

b) Once the waypoint's identifier is entered, press the **ENT** Key to accept the waypoint. The flashing cursor moves to the ending waypoint.

c) Again, enter the identifier of the ending waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key to accept the waypoint.

Or:

For flight plan leg planning:

a) Press the **FPL** Softkey (at the bottom of the display).

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired flight plan (already stored in memory), by number.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'LEG' field.

d) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired leg of the flight plan, or select 'CUM' to apply trip planning calculations to the entire flight plan. Selecting 'FPL 00' displays the active flight plan. If an active flight plan is selected, 'REM' is an available option to display planning data for the remainder of the flight plan.

NOTE: *The page mode must be set to 'MANUAL' to perform the following steps.*

5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the departure time (DEP TIME) field.

NOTE: *The departure time on the Trip Planning Page is used for preflight planning. Refer to the Utility Page for the actual flight departure time.*

6) Enter the departure time. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Departure time may be entered in local or UTC time, depending upon system settings.

7) The flashing cursor moves to the ground speed (GS) field. Enter the ground speed. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'automatic' page mode, ground speed is provided by the system.

8) The flashing cursor moves to the fuel flow field. Enter the fuel flow. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, fuel flow is provided by the system.

9) The flashing cursor moves to the fuel onboard field. Enter the fuel onboard. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, fuel onboard is provided by the fuel totalizer.

10) The flashing cursor moves to the calibrated airspeed (CALIBRATED AS) field. Enter the calibrated airspeed. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, calibrated airspeed is provided by the system.

11) The flashing cursor moves to the altitude (IND ALTITUDE) field. Enter the altitude. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, altitude is provided by the system.

12) The flashing cursor moves to the barometric setting (PRESSURE) field. Enter the desired baro setting. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, the baro setting is provided by the setting entered on the PFD.

13) The flashing cursor moves to the air temperature (TOTAL AIR TEMP) field. Enter the desired air temperature. Press the **ENT** Key when finished. Note that in 'AUTOMATIC' page mode, air temperature is provided by the system outside air temperature.

CREATE A USER WAYPOINT DEFINED BY LATITUDE & LONGITUDE

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob on the MFD to select the 'WPT' page group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.
3) Press the **NEW** Softkey. A waypoint is created at the current aircraft position.
4) Enter the desired waypoint name.
5) Press the **ENT** Key.
6) The cursor is now in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field. If desired, the waypoint can be made temporary (deleted automatically when the system is turned off). If the waypoint is to remain in the system, proceed to step 7.
   a) Turn the large **FMS** Knob one click to the left to highlight 'TEMPORARY'.
   b) Press the **ENT** Key to place a check-mark in the box. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor back in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field.
7) With the cursor in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field, turn the small **FMS** Knob to display a list of waypoint types.
8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select LAT/LON (latitude and longitude).
9) Press the **ENT** Key.

CREATE A USER WAYPOINT DEFINED BY RADIALS FROM OTHER WAYPOINTS

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob on the MFD to select the 'WPT' page group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.
3) Press the **NEW** Softkey. A waypoint is created at the current aircraft position.
4) Enter the desired waypoint name.
5) Press the **ENT** Key.
6) The cursor is now in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field. If desired, the waypoint can be made temporary (deleted automatically when the system is turned off). If the waypoint is to remain in the system, proceed to step 7.
   a) Turn the large **FMS** Knob one click to the left to highlight 'TEMPORARY'.
   b) Press the **ENT** Key to place a check-mark in the box. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor back in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field.

7) With the cursor in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field, turn the small **FMS** Knob to display a list of waypoint types.

8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select RAD/RAD (radial/radial).

9) Press the **ENT** Key.

10) The cursor moves to the 'REFERENCE WAYPOINTS' field. With the first waypoint name highlighted, use the **FMS** Knobs to enter the desired waypoint name. Waypoints may also be selected as follows:

a) When a flight plan is active, turning the small **FMS** Knob to the left will display a list of the flight plan waypoints.

b) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

c) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'NRST' airports to the aircraft's current position.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'RECENT' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'USER' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

11) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'RAD' (radial) field. Enter the desired radial from the reference waypoint.

12) Press the **ENT** Key.

13) Repeat step 10 to enter the next waypoint name.

14) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'RAD' (radial) field for the second waypoint. Enter the desired radial from the reference waypoint.

15) Press the **ENT** Key.

16) Press the **FMS** Knob to remove the flashing cursor.

CREATE A USER WAYPOINT DEFINED BY A RADIAL & DISTANCE FROM ANOTHER WAYPOINT

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob on the MFD to select the 'WPT' page group.

2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.

3) Press the **NEW** Softkey. A waypoint is created at the current aircraft position.

4) Enter the desired waypoint name.

5) Press the **ENT** Key.

6) The cursor is now in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field. If desired, the waypoint can be made temporary (deleted automatically when the system is turned off). If the waypoint is to remain in the system, proceed to step 7.

- **a)** Turn the large **FMS** Knob one click to the left to highlight 'TEMPORARY'.
- **b)** Press the **ENT** Key to place a check-mark in the box. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor back in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field.

7) With the cursor in the 'WAYPOINT TYPE' field, turn the small **FMS** Knob to display a list of waypoint types.

8) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select RAD/DIS (radial/distance).

9) Press the **ENT** Key.

10) The cursor moves to the 'REFERENCE WAYPOINTS' field. With the first waypoint name highlighted, use the **FMS** Knobs to enter the desired waypoint name. Waypoints may also be selected as follows:

a) When a flight plan is active, turning the small **FMS** Knob to the left will display a list of the flight plan waypoints.

b) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

c) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'NRST' airports to the aircraft's current position.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'RECENT' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'USER' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

11) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'RAD' (radial) field. Enter the desired radial from the reference waypoint.

12) Press the **ENT** Key.

13) The cursor is now displayed in the 'DIS' (distance) field. Enter the desired distance from the reference waypoint.

14) Press the **ENT** Key.

15) Press the **FMS** Knob to remove the flashing cursor.

DELETE A USER WAYPOINT

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the 'WPT' page group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the User WPT Information Page.
3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to the place the cursor in the 'USER WAYPOINT LIST' field.
5) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint.
6) Press the **DELETE** Softkey.
7) The message 'Would you like to delete the user waypoint?' is displayed. With 'YES' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

CREATE A FLIGHT PLAN

NOTE: When creating a flight plan in the Active Flight Plan Window, the first leg is activated automatically after it is created.

Creating an active flight plan:

1) Press the **FPL** Key.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor (only on MFD).
3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Waypoint Information Window. (Turning it clockwise displays a blank Waypoint Information Window, turning it counter-clockwise displays the Waypoint Information Window with a waypoint selection submenu allowing selection of active flight plan, nearest, recent, user, or airway waypoints).
4) Enter the identifier, facility, or city name of the departure waypoint or select a waypoint from the submenu of waypoints and press the **ENT** Key. The active flight plan is modified as each waypoint is entered.
5) Repeat step numbers 3 and 4 to enter each additional flight plan waypoint.
6) When all waypoints have been entered, press the **FMS** Knob to remove the cursor.

Creating a stored flight plan:

1) Press the **FPL** Key.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob clockwise to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
3) Press the **NEW** Softkey; or press the **MENU** Key, highlight 'Create New Flight Plan', and press the **ENT** Key to display a blank flight plan for the first empty storage location.
4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Waypoint Information Window. (Turning it clockwise displays a blank Waypoint Information Window, turning it counter-clockwise displays the Waypoint Information Window with a waypoint selection submenu allowing selection of active flight plan, nearest, recent, user, or airway waypoints).
5) Enter the identifier, facility, or city name of the departure waypoint or select a waypoint from the submenu of waypoints and press the **ENT** Key.
6) Repeat step numbers 4 and 5 to enter each additional flight plan waypoint.
7) When all waypoints have been entered, press the **FMS** Knob to return to the Flight Plan Catalog Page. The new flight plan is now in the list.

IMPORT A FLIGHT PLAN FROM AN SD CARD

NOTE: *See the Annunciations & Alerts section for flight plan import message descriptions.*

1) Insert the SD card containing the flight plan in the top card slot on the MFD.
2) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD to display the Active Flight Plan Page.
3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
4) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
5) Turn either **FMS** Knob to highlight an empty or existing flight plan.
6) Press the **IMPORT** Softkey.

   If an empty flight plan is selected, a list of the available flight plans on the SD card will be displayed.

Or:

If an existing flight plan is selected, an 'Overwrite existing flight plan? OK or CANCEL' prompt is displayed. Press the **ENT** Key to choose to overwrite the selected flight plan and see a list of the available flight plans on the SD card. If overwriting the existing flight plan is not desired, select 'CANCEL' using the **FMS** Knob, press the **ENT** Key, select another existing or empty flight plan, and again press the **IMPORT** Softkey.

7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan for importing.

8) Press the **ENT** Key.

INSERT A WAYPOINT IN THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan.

2) If required, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan waypoint. The new waypoint is inserted before the highlighted waypoint.

4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob. The Waypoint Information Window is now displayed.

5) Enter the new flight plan waypoint by one of the following:

a) Enter the user waypoint identifier, facility, or city.

b) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'NRST' airport waypoints to the aircraft's current position.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

a) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the left. Initially, a flight plan waypoint list is displayed.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to the right to display the 'RECENT' waypoints.

c) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired waypoint.

d) Press the **ENT** Key.

e) Press the **ENT** Key again to accept the waypoint.

ENTER AN AIRWAY IN A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key.

2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor (not required on the PFD).

3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the waypoint after the desired airway entry point. If this waypoint is not a valid airway entry point, a valid entry point should be entered at this time.

4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob one click clockwise and press the **LD AIRWY** Softkey, or press the **MENU** Key and select "Load Airway". The Select Airway Page is displayed. The **LD AIRWY** Softkey or the "Load Airway" menu item is available only when an acceptable airway entry waypoint has been chosen (the waypoint ahead of the cursor position).

5) Turn the **FMS** Knob to select the desired airway from the list, and press the **ENT** Key. Low altitude airways are shown first in the list, followed by "all" altitude airways, and then high altitude airways.

6) Turn the **FMS** Knob to select the desired airway exit point from the list, and press the **ENT** Key. 'LOAD?' is highlighted.

7) Press the **ENT** Key. The system returns to editing the flight plan with the new airway inserted.

CREATING A USER-DEFINED HOLD AT AN ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN WAYPOINT

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page (MFD) or the Active Flight Plan Window (PFD).

2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor (not required on the PFD) and turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the waypoint for the hold.

3) Press the **MENU** Key, highlight 'Hold At Wpt', and press the **ENT** Key. The HOLD AT window appears with the course field highlighted.

4) Use the **FMS** Knobs to edit the entry course, and press the **ENT** Key.

5) Use the small **FMS** Knob to select 'INBOUND' or 'OUTBOUND' course direction, and press the **ENT** Key.

6) Use the small **FMS** Knob to select 'TIME' or 'DIST' length mode, and press the **ENT** Key.
7) Use the **FMS** Knobs to edit the length, and press the **ENT** Key.
8) Use the small **FMS** Knob to select 'RIGHT' or 'LEFT' turn direction, and press the **ENT** Key.
9) Use the **FMS** Knobs to edit the Expect Further Clearance Time (EFC TIME), and press the **ENT** Key.
10) Press the **ENT** Key while 'LOAD?' is highlighted to add the hold into the flight plan.

CREATING A USER-DEFINED HOLD AT THE AIRCRAFT PRESENT POSITION

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page (MFD) or the Active Flight Plan Window (PFD).
2) Press the **MENU** Key, highlight 'Hold At Present Position', and press the **ENT** Key. The HOLD AT window appears with the Length mode highlighted.
3) Use the small **FMS** Knob to select 'TIME' or 'DIST' length mode, and press the **ENT** Key.
4) Use the **FMS** Knobs to edit the length, and press the **ENT** Key.
5) Use the small **FMS** Knob to select 'RIGHT' or 'LEFT' turn direction, and press the **ENT** Key.
6) Use the **FMS** Knobs to edit the Expect Further Clearance Time (EFC TIME), and press the **ENT** Key.
7) Press the **ENT** Key while 'ACTIVATE?' is highlighted to immediately activate the hold.

CREATING A USER-DEFINED HOLD AT A DIRECT-TO WAYPOINT:

1) Press a **Direct-to** Key and set up the Direct To waypoint as desired, but select 'HOLD?' instead of 'ACTIVATE?' when finished.
2) Use the **FMS** Knobs to edit the entry course, and press the **ENT** Key.
3) Use the small **FMS** Knob to select 'INBOUND' or 'OUTBOUND' course direction, and press the **ENT** Key.
4) Use the small **FMS** Knob to select 'TIME' or 'DIST' length mode, and press the **ENT** Key.
5) Use the **FMS** Knobs to edit the length, and press the **ENT** Key.

6) Use the small **FMS** Knob to select 'RIGHT' or 'LEFT' turn direction, and press the **ENT** Key.

7) Use the **FMS** Knobs to edit the Expect Further Clearance Time (EFC TIME), and press the **ENT** Key.

8) Press the **ENT** Key while 'ACTIVATE?' is highlighted to activate the Direct To with the user-defined hold defined at the Direct To waypoint.

REMOVING A USER-DEFINED HOLD (CREATED AT THE AIRCRAFT P.POS)

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page (MFD) or the Active Flight Plan Window (PFD).

2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor (not required on the PFD) and turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the PPOS-H waypoint.

3) Press the **CLR** Key. A "Remove Holding Pattern?" confirmation window is displayed.

4) Select 'OK' and press the **ENT** Key. The holding pattern is removed from the active flight plan. Select 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key to cancel the removal of the holding pattern.

REMOVING A USER-DEFINED HOLD (CREATED AT AN ACTIVE WAYPOINT)

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page (MFD) or the Active Flight Plan Window (PFD).

2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor (not required on the PFD) and turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the HOLD waypoint.

3) Press the **CLR** Key. A 'Remove Holding Pattern?' confirmation window is displayed.

4) Select 'OK' and press the **ENT** Key. The holding pattern is removed from the active flight plan. Select 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key to cancel the removal of the holding pattern.

INVERT AN ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan.

2) Press the **MENU** Key to display the Page Menu.

3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Invert Flight Plan'.

4) Press the **ENT** Key. The original flight plan remains intact in its flight plan catalog storage location.
5) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to invert the flight plan.

REMOVE A DEPARTURE, ARRIVAL, APPROACH, OR AIRWAY FROM A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan. Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

   Or, for a stored flight plan:

   a) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
   b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
   c) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
   d) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.
   e) Press the **EDIT** Softkey.

2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the title for the approach, departure, arrival, or airway to be deleted. Titles appear in white directly above the procedure's waypoints.
3) Press the **CLR** Key to display a confirmation window.
4) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to remove the selected procedure or airway.

STORE A FLIGHT PLAN

1) After creating a flight plan on either the PFD or MFD, it may be saved by pressing the **MENU** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Store Flight Plan' and press the **ENT** Key.
3) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to store the flight plan.

EDIT A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD, then turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.
4) Press the **EDIT** Softkey.

5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to place the cursor in the desired location.
6) Enter the changes, then press the **ENT** Key.
7) Press the **FMS** Knob to return to the Flight Plan Catalog Page.

DELETE A WAYPOINT FROM THE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan. Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.

   Or, for a stored flight plan:

   a) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
   b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
   c) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
   d) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.
   e) Press the **EDIT** Softkey.

2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the waypoint to be deleted.
3) Press the **CLR** Key to display a 'REMOVE (Wpt Name)?' confirmation window.
4) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to remove the waypoint. To cancel the delete request, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.
5) Once all changes have been made, press the **FMS** Knob to remove the cursor.

INVERT AND ACTIVATE A STORED FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired flight plan.
5) Press the **INVERT** Softkey. 'Invert and activate stored flight plan?' is displayed.
6) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key. The selected flight plan is now inverted and activated. The original flight plan remains intact in its flight plan catalog storage location.

COPY A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the flight plan to be copied.
5) Press the **COPY** Softkey. A 'Copy to flight plan #?' confirmation window is displayed.
6) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to copy the flight plan. To cancel, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

DELETE A FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the flight plan to be deleted.
5) Press the **DELETE** Softkey. A 'Delete flight plan #?' confirmation window is displayed.
6) With 'OK' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to delete the flight plan. To cancel, turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

GRAPHICAL FLIGHT PLAN CREATION

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD to display the Active Flight Plan Page.
2) Press the **Joystick** to activate the map pointer. Use the **Joystick** to move the pointer to the desired point on the map to be inserted as a waypoint in the flight plan.
3) The default insertion point is at the end of the flight plan. If the selected waypoint is to be placed anywhere other than the end of the flight plan, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor. Waypoints are inserted *ABOVE* the cursor. Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the desired insertion point.
4) Press the **LD WPT** Softkey. The selected waypoint is inserted at the selected point. The default user waypoint naming is USR000, USR001, USR002, and so on.
5) To change the user waypoint name, follow the procedure for modifying a user waypoint.

EXPORT A FLIGHT PLAN TO AN SD CARD

NOTE: *See the Annunciations & Alerts section for flight plan export message descriptions.*

1) Insert the SD card into the top card slot on the MFD.
2) Press the **FPL** Key to display the Active Flight Plan Page on the MFD.
3) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Flight Plan Catalog Page.
4) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
5) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the flight plan to be exported.
6) Press the **EXPORT** Softkey.
7) Press the **ENT** Key to confirm the export.

PROCEDURES

LOAD AND ACTIVATE A DEPARTURE PROCEDURE

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'SELECT DEPARTURE'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'DEPARTURE' field with a list of available departures.
4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired departure.
5) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of runways may be displayed for the departure. If so, turn either **FMS** Knob to select the desired runway.
6) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'TRANSITION' field with a list of available transitions.
7) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired transition.
8) Press the **ENT** Key.
9) With 'LOAD?' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key. The departure is active when the flight plan is active.

ACTIVATE A DEPARTURE LEG

1) Press the **FPL** Key on the MFD to display the active flight plan.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint within the departure.
4) Press the **ACT LEG** Softkey. A confirmation window showing the selected leg is displayed.
5) With 'ACTIVATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

LOAD AN ARRIVAL PROCEDURE

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'SELECT ARRIVAL'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor is displayed in the 'ARRIVAL' field with a list of available arrivals.

4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired arrival.
5) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of transitions is displayed for the selected arrival.
6) Turn either **FMS** Knob to select the desired transition.
7) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of runways may be displayed for the selected arrival.
8) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired runway.
9) Press the **ENT** Key.
10) With 'LOAD?' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.
11) The arrival becomes part of the active flight plan.
12) If an altitude associated with a waypoint in an arrival procedure is to be used to calculate vertical guidance perform the following steps:
    a) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
    b) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint altitude.
    c) Press the **ENT** Key to designate the altitude for use in giving vertical guidance.

ACTIVATE AN ARRIVAL LEG

1) Press the **FPL** Key to display the active flight plan.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired waypoint within the arrival.
4) Press the **ACT LEG** Softkey. A confirmation window showing the selected leg is displayed.
5) With 'ACTIVATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

LOAD AND/OR ACTIVATE AN APPROACH PROCEDURE

NOTE: *If certain GPS parameters (SBAS, RAIM, etc.) are not available, some published approach procedures for the desired airport may not be displayed in the list of available approaches.*

1) Press the **PROC** Key.

2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'SELECT APPROACH'.

3) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of available approaches for the destination airport is displayed.

4) Turn either **FMS** Knob to highlight the desired approach.

5) Press the **ENT** Key. A list of available transitions for the selected approach procedure is now displayed.

6) Turn either **FMS** Knob to select the desired transition. The "Vectors" option assumes vectors will be received to the final course segment of the approach and will provide navigation guidance relative to the final approach course.

7) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor moves to the MINIMUMS field.

8) If desired, the DA/MDA for the selected approach procedure may be entered and displayed on the PFD. Turn the small **FMS** Knob in the direction of the green arrow to change the display from OFF to BARO.

9) Press the **ENT** Key. The cursor moves to the altitude field. Turn the small **FMS** Knob to enter the published DA/MDA for the selected approach procedure.

10) Press the **ENT** Key. 'LOAD? or ACTIVATE?' is now displayed with 'LOAD?' highlighted.

11) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select either 'LOAD?' or 'ACTIVATE?'.

Selecting 'LOAD?' enters the selected approach procedure into the active flight plan, but is not currently active. Selecting 'ACTIVATE?' enters the selected approach procedure into the active flight plan and activates the first leg of the approach.

12) Press the **ENT** Key.

ACTIVATE AN APPROACH IN THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE APPROACH'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key.

ACTIVATE A VECTOR TO FINAL APPROACH FIX

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE VECTOR-TO-FINAL'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key.
4) The final approach course becomes the active leg.

ACTIVATE A MISSED APPROACH IN THE ACTIVE FLIGHT PLAN

1) Press the **PROC** Key.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'ACTIVATE MISSED APPROACH'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key. A confirmation window is displayed.
4) With 'ACTIVATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED ALTITUDE

A temperature compensated altitude can be computed and used at the FAF of a loaded approach. A temperature compensated altitude is displayed in slanted text.

Enabling temperature compensated altitude:

1) From the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **MENU** Key. The Page Menu is displayed.
2) Turn the **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Temperature Compensation'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key. The TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION Window is displayed.
4) Use the small **FMS** Knob to select the temperature at the <airport>. The compensated altitude is computed as the temperature is selected.
5) Press the **ENT** Key. 'ACTIVATE COMPENSATION?' is highlighted.
6) Press the **ENT** Key. The compensated altitudes for the approach are shown in the flight plan.

Disabling temperature compensated altitude:

1) From the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **MENU** Key. The Page Menu is displayed.
2) Turn the **FMS** Knob to highlight 'Temperature Compensation'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key. The TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION Window is displayed.
4) Press the **ENT** Key. 'CANCEL COMPENSATION?' is highlighted.
5) Press the **ENT** Key. The temperature compensated altitude at the FAF is cancelled.

Blank Page

HAZARD AVOIDANCE

CUSTOMIZING THE HAZARD DISPLAYS ON THE NAVIGATION MAP

1) With the Navigation Map Page displayed, press the **MENU** Key to display the Navigation Map Page Menu. The cursor flashes on the 'Map Setup' option.
2) Press the **ENT** Key. The Map Setup Menu is displayed. Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'Weather' to customize the display of weather features. Select 'Traffic' to customize the display of traffic.
3) Press the small **FMS** Knob to return to the Navigation Map Page.

SIRIUSXM WEATHER (OPTIONAL)

WARNING: *Do not use data link weather information for maneuvering in, near, or around areas of hazardous weather. Information contained within data link weather products may not accurately depict current weather conditions.*

WARNING: *Do not use the indicated data link weather product age to determine the age of the weather information shown by the data link weather product. Due to time delays inherent in gathering and processing weather data for data link transmission, the weather information shown by the data link weather product may be significantly older than the indicated weather product age.*

Displaying SiriusXM Weather on the Navigation Map Page

1) Press the **MAP** Softkey.
2) Press the **NEXRAD** Softkey to display the desired weather. Press the applicable softkey again to remove weather data from the Navigation Map Page.

Display METAR and TAF information on the Airport Information Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the WPT Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Airport Information Page.
3) Press the **WX** Softkey to display METAR and TAF text (METAR and TAF information is updated every 12 minutes).

Displaying Weather on the Weather Data Link Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Weather Data Link Page.
3) Press the available softkeys to select the desired XM weather product.
4) Press the **LEGEND** Softkey to view the legends for the selected products. If necessary, turn either **FMS** Knob to scroll through the list. Press the small **FMS** Knob or the **ENT** Key to return to the map.

Map Panning Information – Weather Data Link Page

1) Push in the **Joystick** to display the panning arrow.
2) Move the **Joystick** to place the panning arrow on AIRMETs, TFRs, METARs, or SIGMETs.
3) Press the **ENT** Key to display pertinent information for the selected product.

   Note that pressing the **ENT** Key when panning over an AIRMET or a SIGMET displays an information box that shows the text of the report. Panning over an airport with METAR information does not display more information but allows the user to press the **ENT** Key and select that Airport's Information Page to display the text of the report. Pressing the **ENT** Key when panning over a TFR displays TFR specific information.

Weather Products and Symbols

Wx Product Status Icons	Description
	**NEXRAD** - Available for the US and Canada. The age of the displayed data for each is shown at the right.
	**ECHO TOP** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right. Not displayed when CLOUD TOP is displayed.
	**CLOUD TOP** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right. Not displayed when ECHO TOP is displayed.
	**XM LIGHTNING** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right.
	**CELL MOVEMENT** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right.

Wx Product Status Icons	Description
	**SIGMET & AIRMET** - The age of the displayed data for each is shown at the right.
	**METAR** - Available for the US and Canada. The age of the displayed data for each is shown at the right.
	**SURFACE ANALYSIS with CITY FORECAST** - The upper symbol depicts Surface Analysis. The lower symbol depicts City Forecast. The age of the displayed data for each is shown at the right. The selected forecast period is shown at the bottom.
	**FREEZING LEVEL** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right.
	**WINDS ALOFT** - Available for the US and Canada. The age of the displayed data for each is shown at the right. The altitude selection is shown at the bottom.
	**COUNTY WARNING** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right.
	**CYCLONE WARNING** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right.
	**AIREP** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right.
	**PIREP** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right. Urgent Pireps are displayed in yellow.
	**TURBULENCE** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right. The altitude selection is shown at the bottom.
	**ICING POTENTIAL** - The age of the displayed data is shown at the right. The altitude selection is shown at the bottom.

TRAFFIC SYSTEMS

WARNING: *Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information for collision avoidance maneuvering. The traffic display does not provide collision avoidance resolution advisories and does not under any circumstances or conditions relieve the pilot's responsibility to see and avoid other aircraft.*

WARNING: *Do not rely solely upon the display of traffic information to accurately depict all of the traffic within range of the aircraft. Due to lack of equipment, poor signal reception, and/or inaccurate information from aircraft or ground stations, traffic may be present that is not represented on the display.*

- If Traffic Information Service (TIS) is configured, **STANDBY**, **OPERATE**, and **TNA MUTE** softkeys are displayed.
- If a Traffic Advisory System (TAS) is configured, **STANDBY**, **NORMAL**, **TEST**, and **ALT MODE** softkeys are displayed.

Traffic Symbol	Description
	Non-Threat Traffic (intruder is beyond 5 nm and greater than 1200' vertical separation)
	Proximity Advisory (PA) (Not available with TIS system) (intruder is within 5 nm and less than 1200' vertical separation)
	Traffic Advisory (TA) (closing rate, distance, and vertical separation meet TA criteria)
	Traffic Advisory Off Scale
	Traffic Advisory (TA) arrow with ADS-B directional information. Points in the direction of the intruder aircraft track (GTS 800 only).
	Proximity Advisory (PA) arrow with ADS-B directional information. Points in the direction of the aircraft track (GTS 800 only).
	Non-threat traffic arrow with ADS-B directional information. Points in the direction of the intruder aircraft track (GTS 800 only).
	PA or Non-threat traffic arrow with ADS-B directional information, but positional accuracy is degraded. Points in the direction of the aircraft track (GTS 800 only).

Traffic Symbol Description

Traffic Information Service (TIS)

NOTE: *If the G1000H is configured to use a Traffic Advisory System (TAS), TIS is not available for use.*

NOTE: *Traffic Information Service (TIS) is only available when the aircraft is within the service volume of a TIS capable terminal radar site.*

Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Map Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Traffic Map Page.
3) Press the **OPERATE** Softkey to begin displaying traffic. 'OPERATING' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.
4) Press the **STANDBY** Softkey to place the system in the Standby Mode. 'STANDBY' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.
5) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.
6) Press the **TNA MUTE** Softkey to mute the "Traffic Not Available" aural alert.

Displaying Traffic on the Navigation Map

1) Ensure TIS is operating. With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** Softkey.
2) Press the **TRAFFIC** Softkey. Traffic is now displayed on the map.

Traffic Advisory System (TAS)(Optional)

Displaying Traffic on the Traffic Map Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Traffic Map Page.
3) Press the **OPERATE** or **NORMAL** Softkey to begin displaying traffic. 'OPERATING' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.

4) Press the **ALT MODE** Softkey to change the altitude volume. Select the desired altitude volume by pressing the **BELOW**, **NORMAL**, **ABOVE**, or **UNREST** (unrestricted) Softkey. The selection is displayed in the Altitude Mode field.

5) Press the **STANDBY** Softkey to place the system in the Standby Mode. 'STANDBY' is displayed in the Traffic Mode field.

6) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.

7) Press the **FLT ID** Softkey to enable or disable Flight ID displayed with the intruder information.

System Self Test

1) With the Traffic Map Page displayed, set the range to 2/6 nm.
2) Press the **STANDBY** Softkey.
3) Press the **TEST** Softkey.
4) Self test takes approximately eight seconds to complete. When completed successfully, traffic symbols are displayed and a voice alert is heard (see Alerts and Annunciations section). If the self test fails, the system reverts to Standby Mode and a voice alert is heard.

Displaying Traffic on the Navigation Map

1) Ensure TAS is operating.
2) With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** Softkey.
3) Press the **TRAFFIC** Softkey. Traffic is now displayed on the map.

HTERRAIN AND OBSTACLE PROXIMITY

NOTE: *Terrain data is not displayed when the aircraft is outside the installed terrain database coverage area.*

Displaying HTerrain and Obstacles on the Terrain Proximity Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Terrain Proximity Page.

3) If desired, press the **VIEW** Softkey to access the **ARC** and **360** Softkeys. When the **ARC** Softkey is pressed, a radar-like 120° view is displayed. Press the **360** Softkey to return to the 360° default display.

4) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.

Color	Terrain/Obstacle Location
Red	Terrain/Obstacle above or within 100' below current aircraft altitude.
Yellow	Terrain/Obstacle between 100' and 1000' below current aircraft altitude.
Black	Terrain/Obstacle is more than 1000' below aircraft altitude.

Displaying HTerrain and Obstacles on the Navigation Map

1) With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** Softkey.
2) Press the **TERRAIN** Softkey. Terrain and obstacle proximity will now be displayed on the map.
3) Terrain and obstacles may be displayed in the Profile View by pressing the **PROFILE** Softkey.

HTERRAIN-SVS (OPTIONAL)

NOTE: *HTerrain-SVS is only available when the Synthetic Vision System (SVS) option is installed and the HTAWS option has not been installed.*

NOTE: *Terrain data is not displayed when the aircraft is outside the installed terrain database coverage area.*

Display Terrain on the HTERRAIN-SVS Page

1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the Terrain-SVS Page.
3) If desired, press the **VIEW** Softkey to access the **ARC** and **360** softkeys. When the **ARC** Softkey is selected, a radar-like 120° view is displayed. Press the **360** Softkey to return to the 360° default display.

4) Rotate the **Joystick** clockwise to display a larger area or rotate counter-clockwise to display a smaller area.

Color	Terrain/Obstacle Location
Red	Terrain/Obstacle above or within 100' below current aircraft altitude.
Yellow	Terrain/Obstacle between 100' and 1000' below current aircraft altitude.
Black	Terrain/Obstacle is more than 1000' below aircraft altitude.

Enable/Disable Aviation Data

1) While the HTerrain-SVS Page is displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select "Show (or Hide) Aviation Data".
3) Press the **ENT** Key.

HTerrain-SVS Inhibit

Inhibit Terrain Alerting

While the HTerrain-SVS Page is displayed, press the **INHIBIT** Softkey.

Or:

1) Press the **MENU** Key.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'Inhibit Terrain'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key.

Enable Terrain Alerting

While the HTerrain-SVS Page is displayed, press the **INHIBIT** Softkey.

Or:

1) While the HTerrain-SVS Page is displayed, press the **MENU** Key.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select 'Enable Terrain'.
3) Press the **ENT** Key.

NOTE: *If HTerrain-SVS alerts are inhibited when the Final Approach Fix is the active waypoint in a GPS SBAS approach, a LOW ALT annunciation may appear on the PFD next to the altimeter if the current aircraft altitude is at least 164 feet below the prescribed altitude at the Final Approach Fix.*

Displaying Terrain and Obstacles on the Navigation Map

1) With the Navigation Map displayed, press the **MAP** Softkey.
2) Press the **TERRAIN** Softkey. Terrain and obstacle proximity will now be displayed on the map.
3) Terrain and obstacles may be displayed in the Profile View by pressing the **PROFILE** Softkey.

TERRAIN AWARENESS & WARNING SYSTEM (HTAWS) DISPLAY

WARNING: *Do not use HTAWS information for primary terrain avoidance. HTAWS is intended only to enhance situational awareness.*

NOTE: *The data contained in the HTAWS databases comes from government agencies. Garmin accurately processes and cross-validates the data but cannot guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the data.*

NOTE: *Terrain data is not displayed when the aircraft is outside the installed terrain database coverage area.*

Displaying the HTAWS Page:

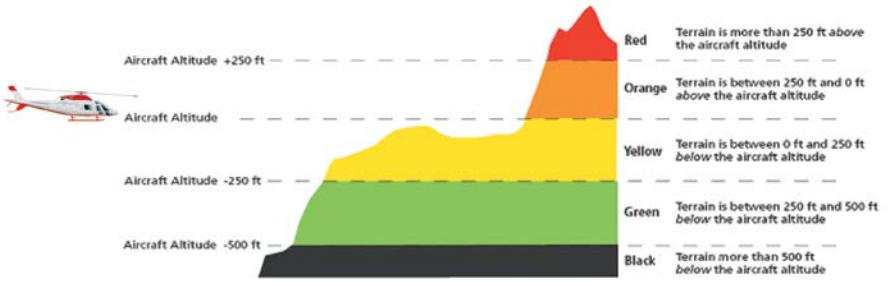
1) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the Map Page Group.
2) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select HTAWS Page.

Changing the HTAWS Page view:

1) Press the **VIEW** Softkey.
2) Press the **360** or **ARC** Softkey to select the desired view.

Or:

1) Press the **MENU** Key.
2) Select 'View Arc' or 'View 360º' and press the **ENT** Key to change the view.



Terrain Altitude/Color Correlation for HTAWS

Unlighted Obstacle		Lighted Obstacle		Obstacle Location
< 1000' AGL	> 1000' AGL	< 1000' AGL	> 1000' AGL	
				Red obstacle is at or above current aircraft altitude
				Yellow obstacle is between 0' and 250' below current aircraft altitude
				Gray obstacle is 250' or more below current aircraft altitude

HTAWS Obstacle Colors and Symbology

Potential Impact Point Symbol	Alert Type	Example Annunciation
	Warning	
	Caution	

HTAWS Potential Impact Point Symbols with Alert Types

Showing/hiding aviation information on the HTAWS Page:

1) Press the **MENU** Key.
2) Select 'Show Aviation Data' or 'Hide Aviation Data' (choice dependent on current state) and press the **ENT** Key.

Manually testing the HTAWS System:

1) Select the HTAWS Page.
2) Press the **MENU** Key.
3) Select 'Test HTAWS System' and press the **ENT** Key to confirm the selection.

Muting/Unmuting Caution Alerts:

1) Turn the large FMS Knob to select the HTAWS Page on the MFD.
2) Press the **MUTE CTN** Softkey.

Or:

1) Press the **MENU** Key.
2) Select 'Mute Active Caution' or 'Unmute Active Caution' (choice dependent on current state) and press the **ENT** Key.

Inhibiting/enabling PDA and FLTA alerting:

1) Select the HTAWS Page.
2) Press the **INHIBIT** Softkey to inhibit or enable HTAWS (choice dependent on current state).

Or:

1) Press the **MENU** Key.
2) Select 'Inhibit HTAWS' or 'Enable HTAWS' (choice dependent on current state) and press the **ENT** Key.

Configuring VCO alerting altitudes:

1) Turn the large **FMS** knob to select the AUX - System Setup Page.
2) If the Aux - System Setup 2 Page is not already displayed, press the **SETUP 2** Softkey.
3) Press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
4) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the altitude shown in the MAX SELECTED field.
5) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the maximum altitude at which VCO alerts will be enabled from (from 50 to 500 feet), or select NONE to disable all VCO alerts.
6) When finished, press the FMS Knob.

ADDITIONAL FEATURES

SYNTHETIC VISION

WARNING: *Use appropriate primary systems for navigation, and for terrain, obstacle, and traffic avoidance. SVT is intended as an aid to situational awareness only and may not provide the accuracy and/or fidelity upon which to solely base decisions and/or plan maneuvers to avoid terrain, obstacles, or traffic.*

WARNING: *Do not use SVT runway depiction as the sole means for determining the proximity of the aircraft to the runway or for maintaining the proper approach path angle during landing.*

Synthetic Vision Technology (SVT) functionality is offered as an enhancement to the G1000H Integrated Flight Deck System.

SVT is primarily comprised of a computer-generated forward-looking, attitude aligned view of the topography immediately in front of the aircraft from the pilot's perspective. SVT information is shown on the primary flight display (PFD).

SVT offers a three-dimensional view of terrain and obstacles. Terrain and obstacles that pose a threat to the aircraft in flight are shaded yellow or red.

In addition to SVT enhancement to the PFD, the following feature enhancements have been added to the PFD:

- Pathways
- Flight Path Marker
- Horizon Heading Marks
- Terrain and Obstacle Alerting
- Three-dimensional Traffic
- Airport Signs
- Runway Display

Displaying SVT Terrain

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **SYN VIS** Softkey.
3) Press the **SYN TERR** Softkey.
4) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

Displaying Pathways

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **SYN VIS** Softkey.
3) If not already enabled, press the **SYN TERR** Softkey.
4) Press the **PATHWAY** Softkey.
5) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

Displaying Heading on the Horizon

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **SYN VIS** Softkey.
3) If not already enabled, press the **SYN TERR** Softkey.
4) Press the **HRZN HDG** Softkey.
5) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

Displaying Airport Signs

1) Press the **PFD** Softkey.
2) Press the **SYN VIS** Softkey.
3) If not already enabled, press the **SYN TERR** Softkey.
4) Press the **APTSIGNS** Softkey.
5) Press the **BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

TERMINAL PROCEDURE CHARTS

NOTE: With the availability of SafeTaxi®, ChartView, or FliteCharts®, it may be necessary to carry another source of charts on-board the aircraft.

SafeTaxi® (Optional)

SafeTaxi® gives greater map detail as the map range is adjusted in on the airport. The airport display on the map reveals runways with numbers, taxiways identifiers, and airport landmarks including ramps, buildings, control towers, and other prominent features. Resolution is greater at lower map ranges. The aircraft symbol provides situational awareness while taxiing.

Pressing the **DCLTR** Softkey cycles through the different declutter levels. **DCLTR** shows all map detail. **DCLTR-1** removes taxiway markings and airport identification

labels. **DCLTR-2** removes VOR station ID, the VOR symbol, and intersection names if within the airport plan view. **DCLTR-3** removes the airport runway layout, unless the airport in view is part of an active flight plan.

The SafeTaxi database contains detailed airport diagrams for selected airports. These diagrams provide the pilot with situational awareness by displaying the aircraft position in relation to taxiways, ramps, runways, terminals, and services. This information should not be used by the pilot as the basis for maneuvering the aircraft on the ground. This database is updated on a 56-day cycle.

ChartView (Optional)

ChartView resembles the paper version of Jeppesen terminal procedures charts. The charts are displayed in full color with high-resolution. The MFD depiction shows the aircraft position on the moving map in the plan view of most approach charts and on airport diagrams.

The ChartView database is updated on a 14-day cycle. If the ChartView database is not updated within 70 days of the expiration date, ChartView will no longer function.

FliteCharts® (Optional)

FliteCharts® resemble the paper version of AeroNav Services terminal procedures charts. The charts are displayed with high-resolution and in color for applicable charts. Current aircraft position is not displayed on FliteCharts.

The FliteCharts database contains procedure charts for the United States only. This database is updated on a 28-day cycle. If not updated within 180 days of the expiration date, FliteCharts will no longer function.

View Charts from the Navigation Map Page

1) Press the **SHW CHRT** Softkey when displayed.

   Or:

   Move the map pointer to point to a desired point on the map and press the **SHW CHRT** Softkey.

2) Press the **DP, STAR, APR, WX,** and **NOTAM** softkeys to access charts for departures, arrivals, approaches, weather and NOTAMs Note that NOTAMS are only available with ChartView.

3) Press the **GO BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

View Charts from the Active Flight Plan Page

1) While viewing the Active Flight Plan Page, press the **FMS** Knob to activate the cursor.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the departure airport, destination airport, departure, arrival, or approach.
3) Press the **SHW CHRT** Softkey. The appropriate chart is displayed, if available for the item selected.
4) Press the **GO BACK** Softkey to return to the previous page.

Change Day/Night View

1) While viewing a chart press the **MENU** Key to display the Page Menu OPTIONS.
2) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the 'Chart Setup' Menu Option and press the **ENT** Key.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to move between the 'FULL SCREEN' and 'COLOR SCHEME' Options.
4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to choose between the 'On' and 'Off' Full Screen Options.
5) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to choose between 'Day', 'Auto', and 'Night' Options.
6) In Auto Mode, turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the percentage field and change percentage with the small **FMS** Knob. The percentage of change is the day/night crossover point based on backlighting intensity.
7) Press the **FMS** Knob when finished to remove the Chart Setup Menu.

AIRPORT DIRECTORY

The AOPA or AC-U-KWIK Airport Directory adds enhanced airport information when viewing airports on the WPT-Airport Information Page.

The Airport Directory databases are revised every 56 days. Check fly.garmin.com for the current database.

View Airport Directory Information

While viewing the WPT-Airport Information Page, if necessary, select the **INFO-1** Softkey to change the softkey label to display **INFO-2**. Airport Directory information is displayed on the right half of the display.

PILOT PROFILES

Creating a profile:

1) Use the **FMS** Knob to select the AUX - System Setup Page.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob momentarily to activate the flashing cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'CREATE' in the Pilot Profile Box.
4) Press the **ENT** Key. A 'Create Profile' window is displayed.
5) Use the **FMS** Knob to enter a profile name up to 16 characters long and press the **ENT** Key. Pilot profile names cannot begin with a blank as the first letter.
6) In the next field, use the small **FMS** Knob to select the desired settings upon which to base the new profile. Profiles can be created based on Garmin factory defaults, default profile settings (initially based on Garmin factory defaults unless edited by the pilot), or current system settings.
7) Press the **ENT** Key.
8) With 'CREATE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key to create the profile

   Or:

   Use the large **FMS** Knob to select 'CREATE and ACTIVATE' and press the **ENT** Key to activate the new profile.
9) To cancel the process, select 'CANCEL' with the large FMS Knob and press the **ENT** Key.

Selecting an active profile:

1) Use the **FMS** Knob to select the AUX - System Setup Page.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob momentarily to activate the flashing cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the active profile field in the Pilot Profile Box.
4) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the pilot profile list and highlight the desired profile.
5) Press the **ENT** Key. The system loads and displays the system settings for the selected profile.

Renaming a profile:

1) Use the **FMS** Knob to select the AUX - System Setup Page.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob momentarily to activate the flashing cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'RENAME' in the Pilot Profile Box.
4) Press the **ENT** Key.
5) In the 'Rename Profile' window, turn the **FMS** Knob to select the profile to rename.
6) Press the **ENT** Key.
7) Use the **FMS** Knob to enter a new profile name up to 16 characters long and press the **ENT** Key.
8) With 'RENAME' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.
9) To cancel the process, use the large **FMS** Knob to select 'CANCEL' and press the ENT Key.

Deleting a profile:

1) Use the **FMS** Knob to select the AUX - System Setup Page.
2) Press the **FMS** Knob momentarily to activate the flashing cursor.
3) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight 'DELETE' in the Pilot Profile Box.
4) Press the **ENT** Key.
5) In the 'Delete Profile' window, turn the **FMS** Knob to select the profile to delete.
6) Press the **ENT** Key.
7) With 'DELETE' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.
8) To cancel the process, use the large **FMS** Knob to select 'CANCEL' and press the **ENT** Key.

Importing a profile:

1) Insert the SD card containing the Pilot Profile into the top card slot on the MFD.
2) Use the **FMS** Knob to select the AUX - System Setup Page.
3) Press the **IMPORT** softkey. If the correct Pilot Profile file is selected; with 'IMPORT' highlighted press the **ENT** Key.

Or:

If the SD card contains more than one Pilot Profile:

a) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to highlight the select file field in the Pilot Profile Importing Box.

b) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to display the pilot profile list and highlight the desired profile to import and press the **ENT** Key.

c) With 'IMPORT' highlighted, press the **ENT** Key.

4) "Pilot profile import succeeded." is shown in the import results box. Press the **ENT** Key. The imported profile becomes the active Pilot Profile.

Exporting a profile:

1) Insert the SD card for storing the Pilot Profile into the top card slot on the MFD.
2) Use the **FMS** Knob to select the AUX - System Setup Page.
3) Activate the desired Pilot Profile to export. Only the active Pilot Profile can be exported.
4) Press the **EXPORT** softkey.
5) With 'EXPORT' highlighted press the **ENT** Key.
6) "Pilot profile export succeeded." is shown in the export results box. Press the **ENT** Key to exit the Pilot Profile Exporting Box.

Blank Page

ABNORMAL OPERATION

REVERSIONARY MODE

In the event of a display failure, the G1000H System automatically switches to reversionary (backup) mode. In reversionary mode, flight information is presented on the remaining display in the same format as the PFD operating in normal mode. The secondary EIS indications normally presented on the MFD are no longer available in reversionary mode. However, a CAS message is displayed on the remaining display in the event a secondary EIS indication is out-of-range.

Reversionary display mode can be manually activated by switching TRNG MODE switch to the 'ON' position on the overhead switch panel.

NOTE: *The AgustaWestland AW119 Rotorcraft Flight Manual (RFM) always takes precedence over the information found in this section.*

ABNORMAL COM OPERATION

When a COM tuning failure is detected by the system, the emergency frequency (121.500 MHz) is automatically loaded into the active frequency field of the COM radio for which the tuning failure was detected. In the event of a failure of both PFDs, the emergency frequency (121.500 MHz) automatically becomes the active frequency on both COM radios.

HAZARD DISPLAYS WITH LOSS OF GPS POSITION

If GPS position is lost, or becomes invalid, selected hazards being displayed on the Navigation Map Page are removed until GPS position is again established.

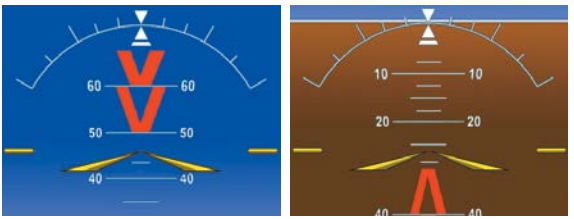
Loss of Hazard Functions with Loss of GPS Position

UNUSUAL ATTITUDES

The PFD 'declutters' when the aircraft enters an unusual attitude. Only the primary functions are displayed in these situations.

The following information is removed from the PFD (and corresponding softkeys are disabled) when the aircraft experiences unusual attitudes:

- Traffic Annunciations
- AFCS Annunciations
- Flight director Command Bars
- Inset Map
- Temperatures
- DME Information Window
- Wind Data
- Selected Heading Box
- Selected Course Box
- Transponder Status Box
- System Time
- PFD Setup Menu
- Windows displayed in the lower right corner of the PFD:
  - Timer/References
  - Nearest Airports
  - Flight Plan
  - Messages
  - Procedures
  - DME Tuning
- Barometric Minimum Descent Altitude Box
- Glideslope, Glidepath, and Vertical Deviation Indicators
- Altimeter Barometric Setting
- Selected Altitude
- VNV Target Altitude



Extreme Pitch Indication

DEAD RECKONING

While in Enroute or Oceanic phase of flight, if the G1000H detects an invalid GPS solution or is unable to calculate a GPS position, the system automatically reverts to Dead Reckoning (DR) Mode. In DR Mode, the G1000H uses its last-known position combined with continuously updated airspeed and heading data (when available) to calculate and display the aircraft's current estimated position.

NOTE: *Dead Reckoning Mode only functions in Enroute (ENR) or Oceanic (OCN) phase of flight. In all other phases, an invalid GPS solution produces a "NO GPS POSITION" annunciation on the map and the G1000H stops navigating in GPS Mode.*

DR Mode is indicated on the G1000H by the appearance of the letters 'DR' superimposed in yellow over the 'own aircraft' symbol as shown in the following figure. In addition, 'DR' is prominently displayed, also in yellow, on the HSI slightly above and to the right of the aircraft symbol on the CDI as shown in the following figure. Also, the CDI deviation bar is removed from the display. Lastly, but at the same time, a 'GPS NAV LOST' alert message appears on the PFD.

Normal navigation using GPS/SBAS source data resumes automatically once a valid GPS solution is restored.

It is important to note that estimated navigation data supplied by the G1000H in DR Mode may become increasingly unreliable and must not be used as a sole means of navigation. If, while in DR Mode, airspeed and/or heading data is also lost or not available, the DR function may not be capable of estimating your position and, consequently, the system may display a path that is different than the actual movement of the aircraft. Estimated position information displayed by the G1000H through DR while there is no heading and/or airspeed data available should not be used for navigation.

DR Mode is inherently less accurate than the standard GPS/SBAS Mode due to the lack of satellite measurements needed to determine a position. Changes in wind speed and/or wind direction compounds the relative inaccuracy of DR Mode. Because of this degraded accuracy, the crew must maintain position awareness using other navigation equipment until GPS-derived position data is restored.

CDI 'DR' Indication on PFD

Symbolic Aircraft (Map pages and Inset Map)

Dead Reckoning Indications

As a result of operating in DR Mode, all GPS-derived data is computed based upon an estimated position and is displayed as yellow text on the display to denote degraded navigation source information. This data includes the following:

- Navigation Status Box fields except Active Leg, TAS, and DTK
- GPS Bearing Pointer
- Wind data and pointers in the Wind Data Box on the PFD
- Current Track Indicator
- All Bearing Pointer Distances
- Active Flight Plan distances, bearings, and ETE values

Also, while the G1000H is in DR Mode, HTAWS is disabled. Additionally, the accuracy of all nearest information (airports, airspaces, and waypoints) is questionable. Finally, airspace alerts continue to function, but with degraded accuracy.

ANNUNCIATIONS & ALERTS

G1000H SYSTEM ANNUNCIATIONS

When an LRU or an LRU function fails, a large red "X" is typically displayed on windows associated with the failed data. Refer to the RFM for additional information regarding pilot responses to these annunciations

System Annunciation	Comment
	Attitude and Heading Reference System is aligning.
	Display system is not receiving attitude information from the AHRS.
	GPS information is either not present or is invalid for navigation use. Note that AHRS utilizes GPS inputs during normal operation. AHRS operation may be degraded if GPS signals are not present (see RFM).
	Display system is not receiving valid heading input from AHRS.
	Display system is not receiving valid transponder information.

G1000H SYSTEM ANNUNCIATIONS (CONT.)

System Annunciation	Comment
	Display system is not receiving airspeed input from air data computer.
	Display system is not receiving altitude input from the air data computer.
	Display system is not receiving vertical speed input from the air data computer.
Other Various Red X Indications	A red 'X' through any other display field (such as engine instrumentation display) indicates that the field is not receiving valid data.

CREW ALERTING SYSTEM (CAS)

When Crew Alerting System (CAS) messages are generated, a CAS window containing messages appears to the right of the vertical speed indicator on the PFD. Pressing the **CAS** Softkey displays softkeys for scrolling up and down through the messages in the PFD CAS Window. Up to 10 messages can be shown; when more than 10 messages accumulate, the **CAS↑** and **CAS↓** Softkeys will become available as needed to permit scrolling up and down through the messages on this page.

CAS Display (PFD)

CAS MESSAGE PRIORITIZATION

NOTE: *Information on CAS messages in this pilot's guide is always superseded by the RFM. Refer to the RFM for recommended pilot actions.*

CAS messages are grouped by criticality (warning, caution, safe operating advisory) and sorted by order of appearance (most recent messages on top). The color of the message is based on its urgency and on required action.

- **Warning** (red) – Immediate crew awareness and immediate crew action required; accompanied by one or more aural tones; and a flashing "WARNING" Master Warning Lamp illuminated to the right of the PFD.
- **Caution** (yellow) – Immediate crew awareness and subsequent corrective action required; accompanied by one or more aural tones and a flashing "CAUTION" Master Caution Lamp illuminated to the right of the PFD.
- **Safe Operating Advisory** (green) – Crew awareness required.

A CAS message does not appear more than once at a given time. Warning and caution CAS messages flash when they are generated, and continue to flash until acknowledged, or until the triggered condition is inactive for more than 3 seconds. After the acknowledgment, a message remains displayed at the top of its respective priority group in the CAS Window until either a newer message of the same priority appears or the condition(s) that caused the alert to display no longer exist.

Warning Messages

See the Rotorcraft Flight Manual (RFM) for recommended pilot actions.

Annunciation Text	Audio Alert
BATT HOT	900Hz Tone + "Warning"
BATT OFF	900Hz Tone + "Warning"
ENG FIRE	2700Hz - 900Hz Tone + "Engine Fire"
ENG OIL HOT	900Hz Tone + "Warning"
ENG OIL PRESS	900Hz Tone + "Warning"
ENG OUT	700Hz-1700Hz + "Engine Out"
ROTOR HIGH	900Hz + "Rotor High"
ROTOR LOW	2700Hz + "Rotor Low"
RTR BRK ON	900Hz Tone + "Warning"
XMS OIL HOT	900Hz Tone + "Warning"
XMS OIL PRESS	900Hz Tone + "Warning"

Caution Messages

See the Rotorcraft Flight Manual (RFM) for recommended pilot actions.

Annunciation Text	Audio Alert
ATT OFF AWG FAIL BATT DISCH CARGO HOOK ARM CARGO HOOK OPEN DC GEN DOORS OPEN EAPS PRES EEC DEGRADED EEC FAIL ENG AGB CHIPS ENG OIL PRESS ENG RGB CHIPS EXT PWR ON F LOW FAIL FIRE DET FLOATS ARMED FUEL DRAIN 1 FUEL DRAIN 2 FUEL FILTER FUEL LOW FUEL PRESS FUEL PUMP 1 FUEL PUMP 2 FUEL PUMP 1-2 GEN CONTR HOIST CABLE LKD HOIST CUT ARMD	Single Chime

Annunciation Text	Audio Alert
HOOK UTIL	Single Chime
HYD PRESS 1	
HYD PRESS 2	
HYD PRESS 1-2	
INV 1 OFF	
INV 2 OFF	
INV 1-2 OFF	
MEC OPN	
MISCMP-P	
PLA POS	
PITOT HTR FAIL	
ROTOR BRK	
SAS 1	
SAS 2	
SAS 1-2	
SERVO 1	
SERVO 2	
SERVO 1-2	
SFTY HOOK ARM	
SFTY HOOK OPEN	
T/R BOX CHIPS	
UTIL DOOR	
VG 1	
VG 2	
VG 1-2	
XFER PUMP	
XMS OIL PRESS	
XMS OIL CHIPS	

Safe Operating Annunciation

Annunciation Text	Audio Alert
ECS ON HEATER ON EAPS ON ENG START PITOT HEAT EEC OPN IGNITER ON LANDING LT ON FT OFF HOIST ON OXYGEN OPEN VENT ON	None

Message Advisory Alerts

Alerts Window Message	Audio Alert
AVN FAN FAIL – Avionics Fan Fail.	NONE

HTAWS ALERTS

Alert Type	PFD/HTAWS Page Alert Annunciation	MFD Pop-Up Alert (except HTAWS Page)	Aural Message
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Warning (RTC)	TERRAIN	WARNING – TERRAIN	"Warning; Terrain, Terrain"
Imminent Terrain Impact Warning (ITI)	TERRAIN	WARNING – TERRAIN	"Warning; Terrain, Terrain"
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Warning (ROC)	OBSTACLE	WARNING – OBSTACLE	"Warning; Obstacle, Obstacle"
Imminent Obstacle Impact Warning (IOI)	OBSTACLE	WARNING – OBSTACLE	"Warning; Obstacle, Obstacle"
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Caution (RTC)	TERRAIN	CAUTION – TERRAIN	"Caution; Terrain, Terrain"
Imminent Terrain Impact Caution (ITI)	TERRAIN	CAUTION – TERRAIN	"Caution; Terrain, Terrain"
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Caution (ROC)	OBSTACLE	CAUTION – OBSTACLE	"Caution; Obstacle, Obstacle"
Imminent Obstacle Impact Caution (IOI)	OBSTACLE	CAUTION – OBSTACLE	"Caution; Obstacle, Obstacle"
Voice Callout (VCO)	None	None	"Five Hundred" "Four Fifty" "Four Hundred" "Three Fifty" "Three Hundred" "Two Fifty", "Two Hundred" "One Fifty" "One Hundred" "Fifty"

HTAWS SYSTEM STATUS ANNUNCIATIONS

Alert Type	PFD/HTAWS Page Status Annunciation	HTAWS Page Center Banner Annunciation	Aural Message
System Test in Progress	HTAWS TEST	HTAWS TEST	None
System Test Pass	None	None	"HTAWS Test OK"
HTAWS System Failure	HTAWS FAIL	HTAWS FAIL	"HTAWS Failure"
HTAWS Not Available	HTAWS N/A	None	"HTAWS Not Available"
HTAWS FLTA Alerting Inhibited	HTAWS INH	None	None
HTAWS Availability Restored	None	None	"HTAWS Available"*
Reduced Protection Mode Enabled	RP MODE	None	None
MFD Terrain or Obstacle database unavailable or invalid. HTAWS operating with PFD Terrain or Obstacle databases	None	TERRAIN DATABASE FAILURE	None
Terrain or Obstacle database unavailable or invalid on all displays, invalid software configuration, HTAWS audio fault	HTAWS FAIL	HTAWS FAIL	"HTAWS Failure"
No GPS position	HTAWS N/A	NO GPS POSITION	"HTAWS Not Available" "HTAWS Available" when GPS position returns. and HTAWS is not inhibited.

Alert Type	PFD/HTAWS Page Status Annunciation	HTAWS Page Center Banner Annunciation	Aural Message
Excessively degraded GPS signal	HTAWS N/A	None	"HTAWS Not Available" "HTAWS Available" when sufficient GPS signal is received. and HTAWS is not inhibited.
Out of database coverage area	HTAWS N/A	None	"HTAWS Not Available" "HTAWS Available" when aircraft enters database coverage area and HTAWS is not inhibted.

** Aural message not issued if HTAWS is inhibited.*

HTERRAIN-SVT ALERTS

Alert Type	PFD/MFD HTERRAIN-SVS Page Annunciation	MFD Pop-Up Alert	Aural Message
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Warning (RTC)	TERRAIN	WARNING - TERRAIN	"Warning; Terrain, Terrain"
Imminent Terrain Impact Warning (ITI)	TERRAIN	WARNING - TERRAIN	"Warning; Terrain, Terrain"
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Warning (ROC)	TERRAIN	WARNING - OBSTACLE	"Warning; Obstacle, Obstacle"
Imminent Obstacle Impact Warning (IOI)	TERRAIN	WARNING - OBSTACLE	"Warning; Obstacle, Obstacle"
Reduced Required Terrain Clearance Caution (RTC)	TERRAIN	CAUTION - TERRAIN	"Caution; Terrain, Terrain"
Imminent Terrain Impact Caution (ITI)	TERRAIN	CAUTION - TERRAIN	"Caution; Terrain, Terrain"

Alert Type	PFD/MFD HTERRAIN-SVS Page Annunciation	MFD Pop-Up Alert	Aural Message
Reduced Required Obstacle Clearance Caution (ROC)	TERRAIN	CAUTION - OBSTACLE	"Caution; Obstacle, Obstacle"
Imminent Obstacle Impact Caution (IOI)	TERRAIN	CAUTION - OBSTACLE	"Caution; Obstacle, Obstacle"

HTERRAIN-SVT SYSTEM STATUS ANNUNCIATIONS

Alert Type	PFD/MFD Alert Annunciation	HTERRAIN-SVS Page Annunciation	Aural Message
System Test in Progress	TER TEST	TERRAIN TEST	None
System Test Pass	None	None	"Terrain System Test OK"
Terrain Alerting is disabled	TER INH	None	None
MFD Terrain or Obstacle database unavailable or invalid. Terrain-SVS operating with PFD Terrain or Obstacle databases	None	TERRAIN DATABASE FAILURE	None
Terrain System Test Fail	TER FAIL	TERRAIN FAIL	"Terrain System Failure"
Terrain or Obstacle database unavailable or invalid, invalid software configuration, system audio fault	TER FAIL	TERRAIN FAIL	"Terrain System Failure"
No GPS position	TER N/A	NO GPS POSITION	"Terrain System Not Available"

Alert Type	PFD/MFD Alert Annunciation	HTERRAIN-SVS Page Annunciation	Aural Message
Excessively degraded GPS signal, Out of database coverage area	TER N/A	None	"Terrain System Not Available"
Sufficient GPS signal received after loss	None	None	"Terrain System Available"

VOICE ALERTS

Voice Alert	Description
"Minimums, minimums"	The aircraft has descended below the preset barometric minimum descent altitude.
"Vertical track"	The aircraft is one minute from Top of Descent. Issued only when vertical navigation is enabled.
"Traffic"	Played when a Traffic Advisory (TA) is issued (TIS and GTS 800).
"TIS Not Available"	The aircraft is outside the Traffic Information Service (TIS) coverage area.
"TAS System Test Passed"	Played when the GTS 800 TAS system passes a pilot-initiated self test.
"TAS System Test Failed"	Played when the GTS 800 TAS system fails a pilot-initiated self test.
"One o'clock" through "Twelve o'clock" or "No Bearing"	Intruder bearing (GTS 800 only)
"High", "Low", "Same Altitude" (if within 200 feet of own altitude), or "Altitude not available"	Intruder relative altitude (GTS 800 only)
"Less than one mile", "One Mile" through "Ten Miles", or "More than ten miles"	Intruder distance (GTS 800 only)

MFD & PFD MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
DATA LOST – Pilot stored data was lost. Recheck settings.	The pilot profile data was lost. System reverts to default pilot profile and settings. The pilot may reconfigure the MFD & PFDs with preferred settings, if desired.
XTALK ERROR – A flight display crosstalk error has occurred.	The MFD and PFD are not communicating with each other. The system should be serviced.
PFD1 SERVICE – PFD1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The PFD and/or MFD self-test has detected a problem. The system should be serviced.
MFD1 SERVICE – MFD1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
MANIFEST – PFD1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The PFD and/or MFD has incorrect software installed. The system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – MFD1 software mismatch, communication halted.	
PFD1 CONFIG – PFD1 config error. Config service req'd.	The PFD configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The system should be serviced.
MFD1 CONFIG – MFD1 config error. Config service req'd.	The MFD configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The system should be serviced.
SW MISMATCH – GDU software version mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The MFD and PFD have different software versions installed. The system should be serviced.
PFD1 COOLING – PFD1 has poor cooling. Reducing power usage.	The PFD and/or MFD is overheating and is reducing power consumption by dimming the display. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
MFD1 COOLING – MFD1 has poor cooling. Reducing power usage.	
PFD1 KEYSTK – PFD1 [key name] Key is stuck.	A key is stuck on the PFD and/or MFD bezel. Attempt to free the stuck key by pressing it several times. The system should be serviced if the problem persists.
MFD1 KEYSTK – MFD [key name] Key is stuck.	

MFD & PFD MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
PFD1 KEYSTK – PFD1 [key name] Key is stuck.	A key is stuck on the PFD and/or MFD bezel. Attempt to free the stuck key by pressing it several times. The system should be serviced if the problem persists.
MFD1 KEYSTK – MFD [key name] Key is stuck.	
CNFG MODULE – PFD1 configuration module is inoperative.	The PFD1 configuration module backup memory has failed. The system should be serviced.
PFD1 VOLTAGE – PFD1 has low voltage. Reducing power usage	The PFD1 voltage is low. The system should be serviced.
MFD1 VOLTAGE – MFD1 has low voltage. Reducing power usage	The MFD voltage is low. The system should be serviced.

DATABASE MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 navigation database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the navigation database. Attempt to reload the navigation database. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 navigation database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 basemap database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the basemap database.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 basemap database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 terrain database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the terrain database. Ensure that the terrain card is properly inserted in display. Replace terrain card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 terrain database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 terrain database missing.	The terrain database is present on another LRU, but is missing on the specified LRU.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 terrain database missing.	

DATABASE MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 obstacle database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the obstacle database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 obstacle database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 obstacle database missing.	The obstacle database is present on another LRU, but is missing on the specified LRU.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 obstacle database missing.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 Safe Taxi database error exists.	The MFD and/or PFD detected a failure in the Safe Taxi database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
PFD1 DB ERR – PFD1 Safe Taxi database error exists.	
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 Chartview database error exists.	The MFD detected a failure in the ChartView database (optional feature). Ensure the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, system should be serviced.
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 FliteCharts database error exists.	The MFD detected a failure in the FliteCharts database (optional feature). Ensure the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, system should be serviced.
MFD1 DB ERR – MFD1 Airport Directory database error exists.	The MFD detected a failure in the Airport Directory database. Ensure that the data card is properly inserted. Replace data card. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
DB MISMATCH – Navigation database mismatch. Xtalk is off.	The PFD and MFD have different navigation database versions or types (Americas, European, etc.) installed. Crossfill is off. Install correct navigation database version or type in all displays.
DB MISMATCH – Terrain database mismatch.	The PFD and MFD have different terrain database versions or types installed. Install correct terrain database version or type in all displays.

DATABASE MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
DB MISMATCH – Terrain database mismatch.	The PFD and MFD have different terrain database versions or types installed. Install correct terrain database version or type in all displays.
DB MISMATCH – Obstacle database mismatch.	The PFD and MFD have different obstacle database installed. Install correct obstacle database in all displays.
NAV DB UPDATED – Active navigation database updated.	System has updated the active navigation database from the standby navigation database.
TERRAIN DSP – [PFD1 or MFD1] Terrain awareness display unavailable.	One of the terrain or obstacle databases required for HTAWS in the specified PFD or MFD is missing or invalid.

GIA 63H MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
GIA1 CONFIG – GIA1 config error. Config service req'd.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 configuration settings do not match backup configuration memory. The system should be serviced.
GIA2 CONFIG – GIA2 config error. Config service req'd.	
GIA1 CONFIG – GIA1 audio config error. Config service req'd.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 have an error in the audio configuration. The system should be serviced.
GIA2 CONFIG – GIA2 audio config error. Config service req'd.	
GIA1 COOLING – GIA1 temperature too low.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 temperature is too low to operate correctly. Allow units to warm up to operating temperature.
GIA2 COOLING – GIA2 temperature too low.	
GIA1 COOLING – GIA1 over temperature.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 temperature is too high. If problem persists, the system should be serviced.
GIA2 COOLING – GIA2 over temperature.	

GIA 63H MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
GIA1 SERVICE – GIA1 needs service. Return the unit for repair.	The GIA1 and/or GIA2 self-test has detected a problem in the unit. The system should be serviced.
GIA2 SERVICE – GIA2 needs service. Return the unit for repair.	
HW MISMATCH – GIA hardware mismatch. GIA1 communication halted.	A GIA mismatch has been detected, where only one is SBAS capable.
HW MISMATCH – GIA hardware mismatch. GIA2 communication halted.	
MANIFEST – GIA1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The GIA1 and/or GIA 2 has incorrect software installed. The system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GIA2 software mismatch, communication halted.	
MANIFEST – GFC software mismatch, communication halted.	Incorrect servo software is installed, or gain settings are incorrect.
COM1 TEMP – COM1 over temp. Reducing transmitter power.	The system has detected an over temperature condition in COM1 and/or COM2. The transmitter is operating at reduced power. If the problem persists, the system should be serviced.
COM2 TEMP – COM2 over temp. Reducing transmitter power.	
COM1 SERVICE – COM1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The system has detected a failure in COM1 and/or COM2. COM1 and/or COM2 may still be usable. The system should be serviced when possible.
COM2 SERVICE – COM2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
COM1 PTT – COM1 push-to-talk key is stuck.	The COM1 and/or COM2 external push-to-talk switch is stuck in the enable (or "pressed") position. Press the PTT switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the system should be serviced.
COM2 PTT – COM2 push-to-talk key is stuck.	

GIA 63H MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
COM1 RMT XFR – COM1 remote transfer key is stuck.	The COM1 and/or COM2 transfer switch is stuck in the enabled (or "pressed") position. Press the transfer switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the system should be serviced.
COM2 RMT XFR – COM2 remote transfer key is stuck.	
LOI – GPS integrity lost. Crosscheck with other NAVS.	GPS integrity is insufficient for the current phase of flight.
GPS NAV LOST – Loss of GPS navigation. Insufficient satellites.	Loss of GPS navigation due to insufficient satellites.
GPS NAV LOST – Loss of GPS navigation. Position error.	Loss of GPS navigation due to position error.
GPS NAV LOST – Loss of GPS navigation. GPS fail.	Loss of GPS navigation due to GPS failure.
ABORT APR – Loss of GPS navigation. Abort approach.	Abort approach due to loss of GPS navigation.
APR DWNGRADE – Approach downgraded.	Vertical guidance generated by SBAS is unavailable, use LNAV only minimums.
TRUE APR – True north approach. Change HDG reference to TRUE.	Displayed after passing the first waypoint of a true north approach when the nav angle is set to 'AUTO'.
GPS1 SERVICE – GPS1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in the GPS1 and/or GPS2 receiver. The receiver may still be available. The system should be serviced.
GPS2 SERVICE – GPS2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
NAV1 SERVICE – NAV1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in the NAV1 and/or NAV2 receiver. The receiver may still be available. The system should be serviced.
NAV2 SERVICE – NAV2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	
NAV1 RMT XFR – NAV1 remote transfer key is stuck.	The remote NAV1 and/or NAV2 transfer switch is stuck in the enabled (or "pressed") state. Press the transfer switch again to cycle its operation. If the problem persists, the system should be serviced.
NAV2 RMT XFR – NAV2 remote transfer key is stuck.	

GIA 63H MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
G/S1 FAIL – G/S1 is inoperative.	A failure has been detected in glideslope receiver 1 and/or receiver 2. The system should be serviced.
G/S2 FAIL – G/S2 is inoperative.	
G/S1 SERVICE – G/S1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	A failure has been detected in glideslope receiver 1 and/or receiver 2. The receiver may still be available. The system should be serviced when possible.
G/S2 SERVICE – G/S2 needs service. Return unit for repair.	

GEA 71H MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
GEA1 CONFIG – GEA1 config error. Config service req'd.	The GEA1 configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000H system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GEA1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The #1 GEA 71 has incorrect software installed. The G1000H system should be serviced.

GTX 33H MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
XPDR1 CONFIG – XPDR1 config error. Config service req'd.	The transponder configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GTX1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The transponder has incorrect software installed. The system should be serviced.
XPDR1 SRVC – XPDR1 needs service. Return unit for repair.	The #1 transponder should be serviced when possible.
XPDR1 FAIL – XPDR1 is inoperative.	There is no communication with the #1 transponder.
XPDR1 ADS-B FAIL – XPDR1 unable to transmit ADS-B messages.	ADS-B is inoperative. Other transponder functions may be available. Transponder should be serviced when possible.

GRS 77H MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
AHRS1 TAS – AHRS1 not receiving airspeed.	The #1 AHRS is not receiving true airspeed from the air data computer. The AHRS relies on GPS information to augment the lack of airspeed. The system should be serviced.
AHRS1 GPS – AHRS1 using backup GPS source.	The #1 AHRS is using the backup GPS path. Primary GPS path has failed. The system should be serviced when possible.
AHRS1 GPS – AHRS1 not receiving any GPS information.	The #1 AHRS is not receiving any or any useful GPS information. Check RFMS limitations. The system should be serviced.
AHRS1 GPS – AHRS1 not receiving backup GPS information.	The #1 AHRS is not receiving backup GPS information. The system should be serviced.
AHRS1 GPS – AHRS1 operating exclusively in no-GPS mode.	The #1 AHRS is operating exclusively in no-GPS mode. The system should be serviced.
AHRS MAG DB – AHRS magnetic model database version mismatch.	The #1 AHRS and #2 AHRS magnetic model database versions do not match.
AHRS1 SRVC – AHRS1 Magnetic-field model needs update.	The #1 AHRS earth magnetic field model is out of date. Update magnetic field model when practical.
GEO LIMITS – AHRS1 too far North/ South, no magnetic compass.	The aircraft is outside geographical limits for approved AHRS operation. Heading is flagged as invalid.
MANIFEST – GRS1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The #1 AHRS has incorrect software installed. The system should be serviced.

GMU 44 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
HDG FAULT – AHRS1 magnetometer fault has occurred.	A fault has occurred in the #1 GMU 44. Heading is flagged as invalid. The AHRS uses GPS for backup mode operation. The G1000H system should be serviced.
MANIFEST – GMU1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The GMU 44 has incorrect software installed. The G1000H system should be serviced.

GDL 69AH MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
GDL69 CONFIG – GDL 69 config error. Config service req'd.	GDL 69AH configuration settings do not match those of backup configuration memory. The G1000H system should be serviced.
GDL69 FAIL – GDL 69 has failed.	A failure has been detected in the GDL 69AH. The receiver is unavailable. The G1000H system should be serviced
MANIFEST – GDL software mismatch, communication halted.	The GDL 69AH has incorrect software installed. The G1000H system should be serviced.

GDC 74H MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
MANIFEST – GDC1 software mismatch, communication halted.	The GDC 74H has incorrect software installed. The G1000H system should be serviced.

GTS 800 MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
GTS CONFIG – GTS config error. Config service req'd.	The GTS and GDU have incompatible configurations. This alert is also set when the GTS has an invalid mode S address configured or the mode S address does not match both XPDR mode S addresses.
MANIFEST – GTS software mismatch, communication halted.	The GTS has incorrect software installed. The G1000H system should be serviced.

MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES

Message	Comments
FPL WPT LOCK – Flight plan waypoint is locked.	Upon power-up, the system detects that a stored flight plan waypoint is locked. This occurs when an navigation database update eliminates an obsolete waypoint. The flight plan cannot find the specified waypoint and flags this message. This can also occur with user waypoints in a flight plan that is deleted. Remove the waypoint from the flight plan if it no longer exists in any database, Or update the waypoint name/identifier to reflect the new information.
FPL WPT MOVE – Flight plan waypoint moved.	The system has detected that a waypoint coordinate has changed due to a new navigation database update. Verify that stored flight plans contain correct waypoint locations.
TIMER EXPIRD – Timer has expired.	The system notifies the pilot that the timer has expired.
DB CHANGE – Database changed. Verify user modified procedures.	This occurs when a stored flight plan contains procedures that have been manually edited. This alert is issued only after an navigation database update. Verify that the user-modified procedures in stored flight plans are correct and up to date.
DB CHANGE – Database changed. Verify stored airways.	This occurs when a stored flight plan contains an airway that is no longer consistent with the navigation database. This alert is issued only after an navigation database update. Verify use of airways in stored flight plans and reload airways as needed.
FPL TRUNC – Flight plan has been truncated.	This occurs when a newly installed navigation database eliminates an obsolete approach or arrival used by a stored flight plan. The obsolete procedure is removed from the flight plan. Update flight plan with current arrival or approach.

MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
LOCKED FPL – Cannot navigate locked flight plan.	This occurs when the pilot attempts to activate a stored flight plan that contains locked waypoint. Remove locked waypoint from flight plan. Update flight plan with current waypoint.
WPT ARRIVAL – Arriving at waypoint -[xxxx]	Arriving at waypoint [xxxx], where [xxxx] is the waypoint name.
STEEP TURN – Steep turn ahead.	A steep turn is 15 seconds ahead. Prepare to turn.
INSIDE ARSPC – Inside airspace.	The aircraft is inside the airspace.
ARSPC AHEAD – Airspace ahead less than 10 minutes.	Special use airspace is ahead of aircraft. The aircraft will penetrate the airspace within 10 minutes.
ARSPC NEAR – Airspace near and ahead.	Special use airspace is near and ahead of the aircraft position.
ARSPC NEAR – Airspace near – less than 2 nm.	Special use airspace is within 2 nm of the aircraft position.
APR INACTV – Approach is not active.	The system notifies the pilot that the loaded approach is not active. Activate approach when required.
SLCT FREQ – Select appropriate frequency for approach.	The system notifies the pilot to load the approach frequency for the appropriate NAV receiver. Select the correct frequency for the approach.
SLCT NAV – Select NAV on CDI for approach.	The system notifies the pilot to set the CDI to the correct NAV receiver. Set the CDI to the correct NAV receiver.
PTK FAIL – Parallel track unavailable: bad geometry.	Bad parallel track geometry.
PTK FAIL – Parallel track unavailable: past IAF.	IAF waypoint for parallel offset has been passed.
PTK FAIL – Parallel track unavailable: past IAF.	IAF waypoint for parallel offset has been passed.

MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
UNABLE V WPT – Can't reach current vertical waypoint.	The current vertical waypoint can not be reached within the maximum flight path angle and vertical speed constraints. The system automatically transitions to the next vertical waypoint.
VNV – Unavailable. Excessive track angle error.	The current track angle error exceeds the limit, causing the vertical deviation to go invalid.
VNV – Unavailable. Unsupported leg type in flight plan.	The lateral flight plan contains a procedure turn, vector, or other unsupported leg type prior to the active vertical waypoint. This prevents vertical guidance to the active vertical waypoint.
VNV – Unavailable. Excessive crosstrack error.	The current crosstrack exceeds the limit, causing vertical deviation to go invalid.
VNV – Unavailable. Parallel course selected.	A parallel course has been selected, causing the vertical deviation to go invalid.
TRAFFIC FAIL – Traffic device has failed.	The system is no longer receiving data from the traffic system. The traffic device should be serviced.
NO WGS84 WPT – Non WGS 84 waypoint for navigation -[xxxx]	The position of the selected waypoint [xxxx] is not calculated based on the WGS84 map reference datum and may be positioned in error as displayed. Do not use GPS to navigate to the selected non-WGS84 waypoint.
FAILED PATH – A data path has failed.	A data path connected to the GDU, or the GIA 63H has failed.
MAG VAR WARN – Large magnetic variance. Verify all course angles.	The GDU's internal model cannot determine the exact magnetic variance for geographic locations near the magnetic poles. Displayed magnetic course angles may differ from the actual magnetic heading by more than 2°.
SVT – SVT DISABLED: Out of available terrain region.	Synthetic Vision is disabled because the aircraft is not within the boundaries of the installed terrain database.

MISCELLANEOUS MESSAGE ADVISORIES (CONT.)

Message	Comments
SVT – SVT DISABLED: Terrain DB resolution too low.	Synthetic Vision is disabled because a terrain database of sufficient resolution (9 arc-second or better) is not currently installed.
SCHEDULER [#] – <message>.	Message criteria entered by the user.
CHECK CRS – Database course for LOC1 / [LOC ID] is [CRS]°.	Selected course for LOC1 differs from published localizer course by more than 10 degrees.
CHECK CRS – Database course for LOC2 / [LOC ID] is [CRS]°.	Selected course for LOC2 differs from published localizer course by more than 10 degrees.
[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 1 REM – Card 1 was removed. Reinsert card.	The SD card was removed from the top card slot of the PFD or MFD. The SD card needs to be reinserted.
[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 2 REM – Card 2 was removed. Reinsert card.	The SD card was removed from the bottom card slot of the PFD or MFD. The SD card needs to be reinserted.
[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 1 ERR – Card 1 is invalid.	The SD card in the top card slot of the PFD or MFD contains invalid data.
[PFD1 or MFD1] CARD 2 ERR – Card 2 is invalid.	The SD card in the bottom card slot of the PFD or MFD contains invalid data.
HDG PRESET MODE – Magnetic anomoly detected. HPM is available.	The magnetometer has detected a magnetic anomoly that could affect heading indications. Heading Preset Mode may be used.

FLIGHT PLAN IMPORT/EXPORT MESSAGES

In some circumstances, some messages may appear in conjunction with others.

Flight Plan Import/Export Results	Description
'Flight plan successfully imported.'	A flight plan file stored on the SD card was successfully imported as a stored flight plan.
'File contained user waypoints only. User waypoints imported successfully. No stored flight plan data was modified.'	The file stored on the SD card did not contain a flight plan, only user waypoints. These waypoints have been saved to the system user waypoints. No flight plans stored in the system have been modified.
'No flight plan files found to import.'	The SD card contains no flight plan data.
'Flight plan import failed.'	Flight plan data was not successfully imported from the SD card.
'Flight plan partially imported.'	Some flight plan waypoints were successfully imported from the SD card, however others had errors and were not imported. A partial stored flight plan now exists in the system.
'File contained user waypoints only.'	The file stored on the SD card did not contain a flight plan, only user waypoints. One or more of these waypoints did not import successfully.
'Too many points. Flight plan truncated.'	The flight plan on the SD card contains more waypoints than the system can support. The flight plan was imported with as many waypoints as possible.
'Some waypoints not loaded. Waypoints locked.'	The flight plan on the SD card contains one or more waypoints that the system cannot find in the navigation database. The flight plan has been imported, but must be edited within the system before it can be activated for use.

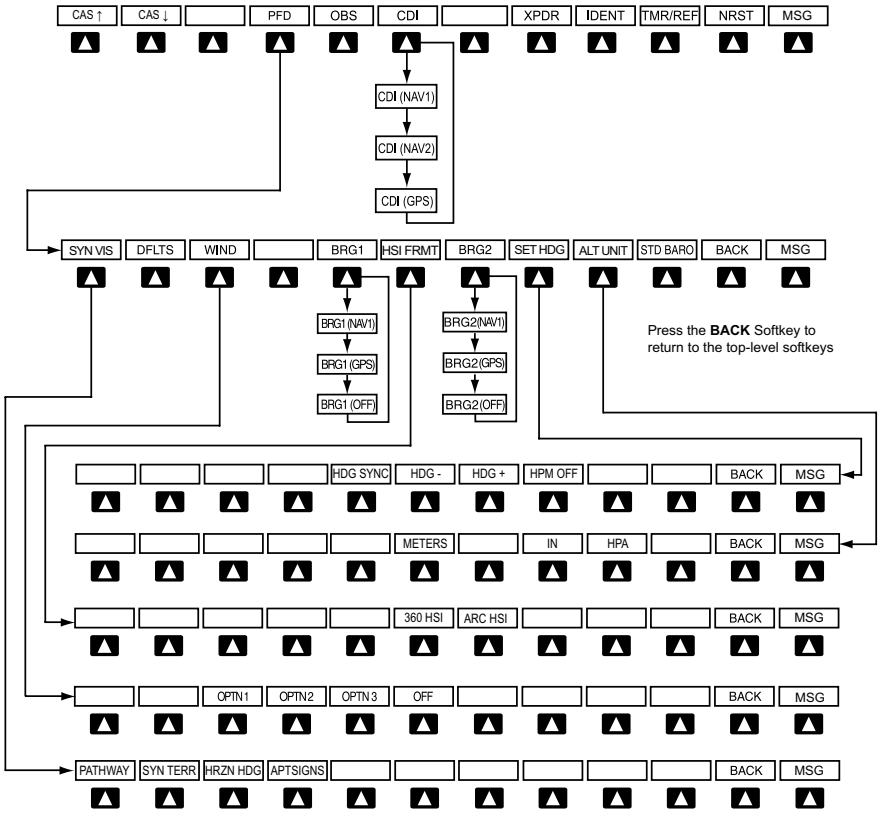
Flight Plan Import/Export Results	Description
'User waypoint database full. Not all loaded.'	The flight plan file on the SD card contains user waypoints. The quantity of stored user waypoints has exceeded system capacity, therefore not all the user waypoints on the SD card have been imported. Any flight plan user waypoints that were not imported are locked in the flight plan. The flight plan must be edited within the system before it can be activated for use.
'One or more user waypoints renamed.'	One or more imported user waypoints were renamed when imported due to naming conflicts with waypoints already existing in the system.
'Flight plan successfully exported.'	The stored flight plan was successfully exported to the SD card.
'Flight plan export failed.'	The stored flight plan was not successfully exported to the SD card. The SD card may not have sufficient available memory or the card may have been removed prematurely.

PILOT PROFILE IMPORT/EXPORT MESSAGES

Pilot Profile Import/Export Results	Description
'No pilot profile plan files found to import.'	Displayed if the SD card does not have one or more valid pilot profile filenames.
'Overwrite existing profile?'	Displayed if the profile name matches the name of existing profile.
'Profile name invalid. Enter a different profile name.'	Displayed if the profile name is invalid.
'All available pilot profiles in use. Delete a profile before importing another.'	Displayed if the maximum number for pilot profiles has been reached.
'Pilot profile import failed.'	Displayed if the importing operation fails for any other reason.
'Pilot profile import succeeded.'	Displayed if the importing operation succeeds.
'Overwrite existing file?'	Displayed if the filename matches the name of an existing file on the SD card.
'Pilot profile export failed.'	Displayed if the export operation fails.
'Pilot profile export succeeded.'	Displayed if the export operation succeeds.

APPENDIX

PFD SOFTKEY MAP

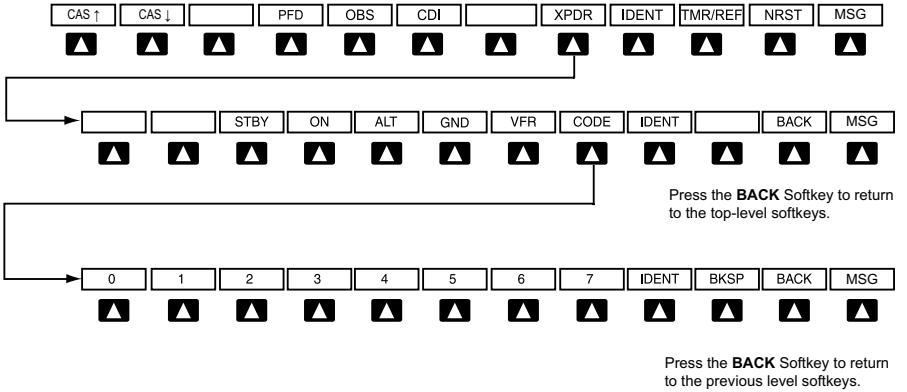


PFD Softkeys

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
CAS ↑			Moves the cursor up through the displayed messages
CAS ↓			Moves the cursor down through the displayed messages

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
PFD			Displays second-level softkeys for additional PFD configurations
	SYN VIS		Displays the softkeys for enabling or disabling Synthetic Vision features
		PATHWAY	Displays rectangular boxes representing the horizontal and vertical flight path of the active flight plan
		SYN TERR	Enables synthetic terrain depiction
		HRZN HDG	Displays compass heading along the Zero-Pitch line
		APTSIGNS	Displays position markers for airports within approximately 15 nm of the current aircraft position. Airport identifiers are displayed when the airport is within approximately 9 nm.
	DFLTS		Resets PFD to default settings, including changing units to standard
	WIND		Displays softkeys to select wind data parameters
		OPTN 1	Headwind/tailwind and crosswind arrows with numeric speed components
		OPTN 2	Wind direction arrow and numeric speed
		OPTN 3	Wind direction arrow with numeric direction and speed
		OFF	Information not displayed
	BRG1		Cycles the Bearing 1 Information Window through NAV1 or GPS/waypoint identifier and GPS-derived distance information.
	HSI FRMT		Displays the HSI formatting softkeys
		360 HSI	Displays the HSI in a 360 degree format

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
		ARC HSI	Displays the HSI in an arc format
	BRG2		Cycles the Bearing 2 Information Window through NAV2 or GPS/ waypoint identifier and GPS-derived distance information.
	SET HDG		Enables Heading Preset Mode
		HDG SYNC	Synchronizes heading to the selected heading
		HDG -	Slews heading counterclockwise
		HDG +	Slews heading clockwise
		HPM OFF	Manually disables Heading Preset Mode
	ALT UNIT		Displays softkeys for setting the altimeter and BARO settings to metric units
		METERS	When enabled, displays altimeter in meters
		IN	Press to display the BARO setting as inches of mercury
		HPA	Press to display the BARO setting as hectopacals
	STD BARO		Sets barometric pressure to 29.92 in Hg (1013 hPa)

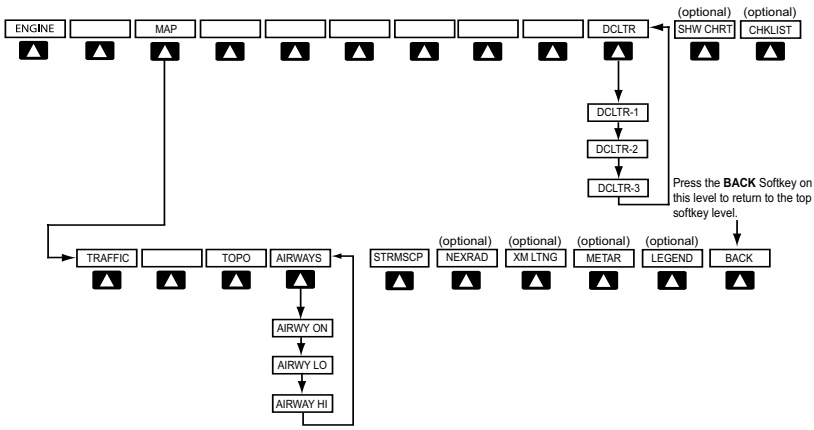


Transponder Softkeys

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
XPDR			Displays transponder mode selection softkeys
	STBY		Selects Standby Mode (transponder does not reply to any interrogations)
	ON		Selects Mode A (transponder replies to interrogations)
	ALT		Selects Mode C – Altitude Reporting Mode (transponder replies to identification and altitude interrogations)
	GND		Manually selects Ground Mode, the transponder does not allow Mode A and Mode C replies, but it does permit acquisition squitter and replies to discretely addressed Mode S interrogations.
	VFR		Automatically enters the VFR code (1200 in the U.S.A. only)
	CODE		Displays transponder code selection softkeys 0-7
	IDENT		Activates the Special Position Identification (SPI) pulse for 18 seconds, identifying the transponder return on the ATC screen

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
		0 — 7	Use numbers to enter code
		BKSP	Removes numbers entered, one at a time
IDENT			Activates the Special Position Identification (SPI) pulse for 18 seconds, identifying the transponder return on the ATC screen
TMR/REF			Displays Timer/References Window
NRST			Displays Nearest Airports Window
MSG			Displays Messages Window

MFD SOFTKEY MAP



MFD Softkeys

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
ENGINE			Displays the EIS-Engine Page
MAP			Enables second-level Navigation Map softkeys
	TRAFFIC		Displays traffic information on Navigation Map

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
	TOPO		Displays topographical data (e.g., coastlines, terrain, rivers, lakes) and elevation scale on Navigation Map
	AIRWAYS		Displays airways on the map; cycles through the following: AIRWAYS: No airways are displayed AIRWY ON: All airways are displayed AIRWY LO: Only low altitude airways are displayed AIRWY HI: Only high altitude airways are displayed
	NEXRAD		Displays NEXRAD weather and coverage information on Navigation Map (optional feature)
	XM LTNG		Displays XM lightning information on Navigation Map (optional feature)
	METAR		Displays METAR flags on airport symbols shown on the Navigation Map
	LEGEND		Displays the legend for the selected weather products. Available only when NEXRAD, XM LTNG, and/or METAR softkeys are selected.
	BACK		Returns to top-level softkeys
DCLTR			Selects desired amount of map detail; cycles through declutter levels: DCLTR (No Declutter): All map features visible DCLTR-1: Declutters land data DCLTR-2: Declutters land and SUA data DCLTR-3: Removes everything except the active flight plan

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Description
SHW CHRT			When available, displays optional airport and terminal procedure charts
CHKLIST			When available, displays optional checklists

LOADING UPDATED DATABASES

CAUTION: *Never disconnect power to the system when loading a database. Power interruption during the database loading process could result in maintenance being required to reboot the system.*

In some cases it may be necessary to obtain an unlock code from Garmin in order to make the database product functional. It may also be necessary to have the system configured by a Garmin authorized service facility in order to use some database features.

If an error occurs during synchronization, an error message will be displayed, followed by the affected display in the Sync Status section of the Database Window. If synchronization completes on one display, but an error occurs on another, the error message will be displayed with the affected displays listed after it. When an error message is displayed, the problem must be corrected before synchronization can be completed. A power cycle is required to restart synchronization when 'Card Full' or 'Err' is shown.

Error Message	Description
Canceled	Database synchronization has been canceled by removing the bottom SD card in display being updated
Card Full	SD card does not contain sufficient memory
Err	Displayed for all other errors that may cause the synchronization process to be halted
Timeout	System timed-out prior to the database transfer completing

Loading Garmin Database Updates

1) With system power OFF, remove the MFD database card from the bottom card slot of the MFD.
2) Update the Garmin databases on the MFD card.
3) Insert the MFD database card into the bottom card slot of the MFD.
4) Apply power to the system, check that the databases are initialized and displayed on the power-up screen. When updating the terrain and FliteCharts databases, a 'Verifying' message may be seen. If this message is present, wait for the system to finish loading before proceeding to step 5.
5) Acknowledge the Power-up Page agreement by pressing the **ENT** Key or the right most softkey.
6) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.
7) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.
8) Monitor the Sync Status in the Database Window. Wait for all databases to complete synching, indicated by 'Complete' being displayed.
9) Remove and reapply power to the system.
10) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.
11) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.
12) Press the Display Database Selection Softkey to show database information for each display (**MFD1 DB**, **PFD1 DB**). Verify the correct database cycle information is shown for each database for each display.

Loading the Active Navigation Database

NOTE: *Loading the navigation database as the active database prior to its effective date will result in the expiration date on the power-up screen and the effective date on the AUX-System Status Page being displayed in yellow.*

NOTE: *After the navigation database is loaded or copied, the top SD card may be removed.*

1) With the system OFF, insert the SD card containing the new navigation database version into the top card slot of the display (PFD or MFD) to be updated (label of SD card facing left).
2) Turn the system ON. A prompt is displayed in the upper left corner of the display:

```
DO YOU WANT TO UPDATE THE STANDBY NAVIGATION DATABASE ON THE BOTTOM CARD?
THE STANDBY DATABASE WILL BE ACTIVATED UPON THE FIRST ON-GROUND POWER CYCLE ON OR
AFTER 00:00 SYSTEM TIME ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE.
            FROM            TO
REGION:     WORLDWIDE       WORLDWIDE
CYCLE:      1204            1205
EFFECTIVE:  09-APR-2012     07-MAY-2012
EXPIRES:    07-MAY-2012     04-JUN-2012

NO WILL BE ASSUMED IN 21 SECONDS.
```

3) Press the **NO** Softkey to proceed to loading the active database.

4) A prompt similar to the following is displayed. Press the **YES** Softkey to update the active navigation database.

```
DO YOU WANT TO UPDATE THE ACTIVE NAVIGATION DATABASE?
SELECTING YES WILL OVERWRITE THE ACTIVE NAVIGATION DATABASE.
            FROM            TO
REGION:     WORLDWIDE       WORLDWIDE
CYCLE:      1204            1205
EFFECTIVE:  09-APR-2012     07-MAY-2012
EXPIRES:    07-MAY-2012     04-JUN-2012

NO WILL BE ASSUMED IN 8 SECONDS.
```

5) After the update completes, the display starts in normal mode.

6) Turn the system OFF and remove the SD card from the top card slot.

7) Repeat steps 1 through 6 for the other displays (PFD or MFD).

8) Apply power to the system and press the **ENT** Key to acknowledge the startup screen.

9) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.

10) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.

11) Press the Display Database Selection Softkey to show active navigation database information for each display (**MFD1 DB**, **PFD1 DB**). Verify the correct active navigation database cycle information is shown for each display.

Loading the Standby Navigation Database

NOTE: *After the navigation database is loaded or copied, the top SD card may be removed.*

1) With the system OFF, insert the SD card containing the new navigation database version into the top card slot of the MFD.

2) Verify that an SD card is inserted in the bottom slot of each PFD and the MFD.

3) Turn the system ON. A prompt is displayed.

```
DO YOU WANT TO UPDATE THE STANDBY NAVIGATION DATABASE ON THE BOTTOM CARD?
THE STANDBY DATABASE WILL BE ACTIVATED UPON THE FIRST ON-GROUND POWER CYCLE ON OR
AFTER 00:00 SYSTEM TIME ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE.
            FROM            TO
REGION:     WORLDWIDE       WORLDWIDE
CYCLE:      1204            1205
EFFECTIVE:  09-APR-2012     07-MAY-2012
EXPIRES:    07-MAY-2012     04-JUN-2012

NO WILL BE ASSUMED IN 21 SECONDS.
```

4) Press the **YES** Softkey. The navigation database is copied to the SD card in the bottom card slot of the MFD.

5) After the navigation database files are copied to the bottom SD card, press any key to continue, as instructed.

7) Again, press any key to continue as instructed on the display.

8) Press the **NO** Softkey. The display now starts in normal mode. Since the database effective date is not yet valid, it should not be loaded as the active database. The display now starts in normal mode. Do not remove power while the display is starting.

9) Press the **ENT** Key to acknowledge the startup screen.

10) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.

11) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.

12) The new database is copied to the SD card in the bottom card slot of each PFD. Progress can be monitored in the SYNC STATUS field. When copying is finished, 'Complete' is displayed.

NOTE: *During the synchronization process, version differences between standby navigation databases will exist. This will result in the system displaying a 'DB Mismatch' alert for the standby navigation databases. This alert will remain until the next power cycle.*

13) Turn system power OFF.

14) Remove the SD card from the top card slot of the MFD.

15) Turn system power ON.

16) Press the **ENT** Key to acknowledge the startup screen.

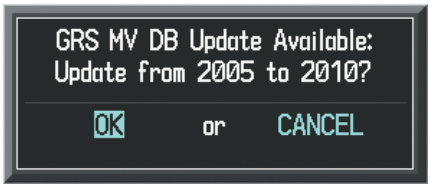
17) Turn the large **FMS** Knob to select the AUX Page group on the MFD.

18) Turn the small **FMS** Knob to select the System Status Page.

19) Press the Display Database Selection Softkey to show standby navigation database information for each display (**MFD1 DB**, **PFD1 DB**). Verify the correct standby navigation database cycle information is shown for each display.

Magnetic Field Variation Database Update

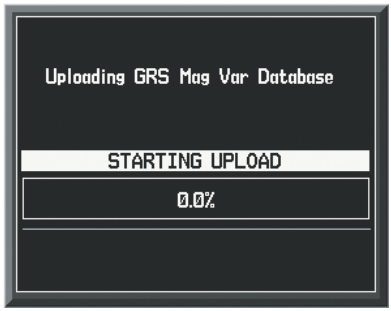
At startup, the system compares this version of the MV DB with that presently being used by the AHRS (GRS). If the system determines the MV DB needs to be updated, a prompt is displayed on the Navigation Map Page, as shown in the following figure.



GRS Magnetic Field Variation Database Update Prompt

Loading the magnetic field variation database update:

With 'OK' highlighted, as shown in the previous figure, press the ENT Key on the MFD. A progress monitor is displayed as shown in the following figure.



Uploading Database to GRS

When the upload is complete, the system is ready for use.

Blank Page

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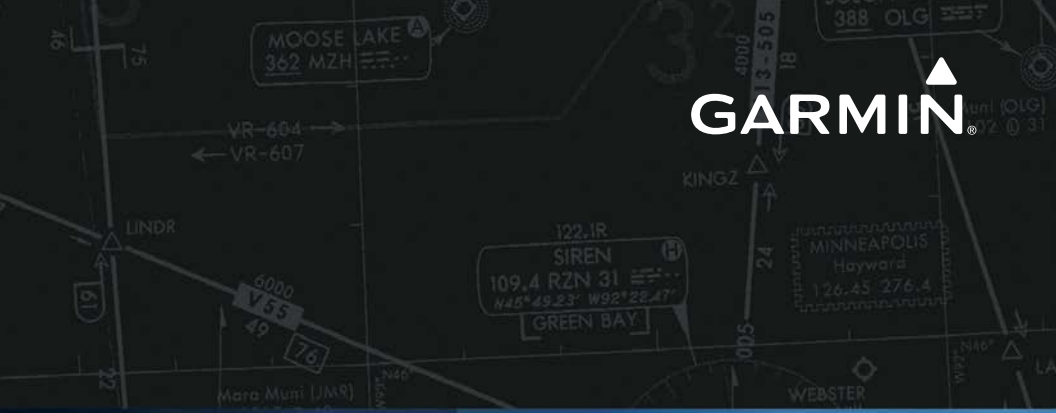

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